

Pretest, p. 1.

- | | |
|------|------|
| 1. c | 5. c |
| 2. b | 6. b |
| 3. a | 7. b |
| 4. c | 8. a |

Exercise 2, p. 3.*Usual activity:*

bring
do
orders
meet

Right now:

is ordering
are talking
are waiting
is asking
is taking
are eating

Exercise 4, p. 4.

- takes
- meets
- sit
- works
- does
- looks
- posts
- isn't posting
- is deleting

Exercise 5, p. 5.*Sample answers:**Partner A:*

- An airplane is taking off.
- Two children are riding bikes.
- A cat is looking at a fish.
- A man is climbing a rock/a mountain.
- Two people are skiing.
- A dog is wearing sunglasses.

Partner B:

- An airplane is landing.
- Two people/adults are riding bikes.
- A cat is sitting on a fish bowl.
- A girl is climbing a tree.
- Two people are running on the beach.
- A dog is wearing big glasses.

Exercise 7, p. 6.

- is taking ... is snoring ... snores ... sleeps
- am sitting ... sit
- speaks ... is speaking
- A: Is it raining
B: is starting
A: Does it rain
B: is

- A: is leaving ... is walking ... walks
B: Do you walk
B: Does your husband walk
A: leaves

Exercise 9, p. 7.

- usual activity
- happening right now
- happening right now
- usual activity
- happening right now

Exercise 10, p. 8.

- Does it
- Does it
- Are you
- Do you
- Do we
- is it

Exercise 11, p. 8.**Part I**

- It grows one-half inch per month or 15 centimeters a year.
- They don't hurt because the hair on our scalp is dead.
- About 100,000.
- (Any country near the equator.)

Exercise 12, p. 9.

- One diver dives.
- Two divers dive.

Exercise 13, p. 9.

- noun, plural
- verb, plural
- verb, singular
- noun, plural
- noun, singular
- verb, singular

Exercise 14, p. 10.

- createØ, floods
- floodØ, causes
- towns, floods, buildings, homes, roads
- floodØ, townØ, needs, repairs

Exercise 15, p. 10.*Sample answers:*

- My roommate exercises with friends.
- My roommate loves Thai food.
- My roommate drives a big car.
- My roommate wakes up late on weekends.
- My roommate drinks tea every day.
- My roommate enjoys English.
- My roommate dreams in Chinese.

Exercise 16, p. 10.

<i>Add-s only.</i>	<i>Add-es.</i>	<i>Add-ies.</i>
drives	mixes	studies
speaks	wishes	tries
stays		
takes		

Exercise 17, p. 11.**Part I***Underlined verbs:*

- listen
- drinks
- relaxes
- thinks ... works
- uses ... breathes ... takes ... takes

Exercise 18, p. 12.

- | | |
|------------|-------------|
| 3. hopes | 10. watches |
| 4. teaches | 11. studies |
| 5. moves | 12. buys |
| 6. kisses | 13. enjoys |
| 7. pushes | 14. tries |
| 8. waits | 15. carries |
| 9. mixes | |

Exercise 20, p. 13.

- i. Security guards protect people and property.
- d. A hospital orderly helps doctors and nurses with nonmedical tasks.
- a. Do bank tellers work with deposits and withdrawals of money?
- b. Auto mechanics fix cars.
- f. An accountant studies and prepares financial information.
- e. A barber cuts hair, usually for men.
- j. Does a dental hygienist clean teeth?
- g. A janitor cleans buildings.
- c. Farmers grow crops.

Exercise 24, p. 15.*(Answers will vary.)*

- sometimes makes
- usually / often goes (Some speakers also use *frequently* for 5 out of 7 times.)
- is frequently / usually / often
- always cooks
- almost always reads
- seldom does (Some speakers may use *rarely* for 2 out of 7 times.)
- never goes

Exercise 26, p. 16.**Part I**

- am applying ... am filling ... is
- always need ... is
- are
- is
- are
- asks ... uses
- write ... do ... looks ... sometimes write
- means
- usually comes ... is ... comes
- have ... use ... use

Exercise 27, p. 17.

Charlie: a, a
Dad: a, a

Exercise 28, p. 18.

- a
- b
- A: a; B: a
- B: b; A: b

Exercise 29, p. 19.

- think
- am thinking
- are having
- have

Exercise 30, p. 19.

- Do you need ... Do you want
- A: think ... know ... forget
A: remember
- A: Do you believe
B: are ... do you think
A: are ... aren't (are not)

Exercise 31, p. 20.

- are shopping
- is looking
- sees
- is checking
- is waiting
- is returning
- is checking
- has
- is folding
- don't fold
- pick
- folds
- look

Exercise 32, p. 20.

- | | |
|------|------|
| 1. a | 3. b |
| 2. a | 4. b |

Exercise 33, p. 21.**Part II**

- | | |
|------|------|
| 1. c | 3. a |
| 2. b | 4. b |

Exercise 34, p. 22.

- B: are
- A: Do they look
B: they don't ... look
- A: Do they spend
B: they don't ... attend
- A: Are they spending
B: they are ... think
- A: Do you have
B: I don't ... am ... have ... comes ... has
- A: Do they visit
B: are staying
- A: Are you living
B: I am ... pay ... am working

Exercise 37, p. 24.

Part II

- | | |
|-------------|------------|
| 1. Do you | 6. Am I |
| 2. Does it | 7. Is it |
| 3. Does she | 8. Does he |
| 4. Does he | 9. Do they |
| 5. Does she | 10. Do we |

Exercise 38, p. 25.

1. Do gorillas eat leaves? [Yes, they do. / Yes, they eat leaves.]
2. Does your country have gorillas in the wild?
3. Do mosquitoes carry diseases? [Yes, they (OR: some) do. / Yes, they (OR: some mosquitoes) carry diseases.]
4. Is the earth revolving around the sun right now? [Yes, it is. / Yes, it is revolving around the sun right now.]
5. Does the moon revolve around the earth every 28 days? [Yes, it does. / Yes, it revolves around the earth every 28 days.]
6. Are the sun and moon planets? [No, they aren't. / No, they aren't planets.]
7. Is Toronto in western Canada? [No, it isn't. / No, it isn't in western Canada.]
8. Is Texas in South America? [No, it isn't. / No, it isn't in South America.]
9. Do you know the names of the seven continents?
10. Is our teacher from Australia?
11. Is it raining outside now?
12. Are you tired of this interview?

Exercise 39, p. 25.

- | | |
|------|------|
| 1. b | 4. b |
| 2. b | 5. b |
| 3. a | 6. a |

Exercise 40, p. 26.

2. Today he **is** driving to a small town north of the city to visit his aunt.
3. He loves to listen to music, so he is **streaming** music from his phone — loudly.
4. Omar is very happy: he is **driving** his own car and **listening** to loud music.
5. Omar **visits** his aunt once a week.
6. She **is** elderly and lives alone.

7. She thinks Omar **is** a wonderful nephew.
8. She loves his visits.
9. He **tries** to be helpful and considerate in every way.
10. His aunt **doesn't hear** well, so Omar **speaks** loudly and clearly when he's with her.
11. When he's there, he **fixes** things for her around her apartment and helps her with her shopping.
12. He **doesn't stay** with her overnight.
13. He usually **stays** for a few hours and then **heads** back to the city.
14. He **kisses** his aunt good-bye and gives her a hug before he **leaves**.
15. Omar **is** a very good nephew.

Exercise 41, p. 27.

Part II

2. prefer
3. makes
4. need
5. work
6. are doing
7. Do you exercise
8. Are you exercising

Part III

1. do
2. is
3. makes
4. are
5. are exercising
6. are listening
7. are dancing
8. are beating
9. are getting
10. Do
11. Do
12. do

Chapter 1 Learning Check, p. 29.

1. b, c
2. a, c
3. a, d
4. b, d
5. b, c
6. a, d

Pretest, p. 30.

- | | |
|------|-------|
| 1. c | 7. b |
| 2. a | 8. c |
| 3. a | 9. a |
| 4. b | 10. b |
| 5. b | 11. c |
| 6. a | |

Exercise 2, p. 31.

- They didn't stream ... Did they stream
- She didn't create ... Did she create
- I didn't delete ... Did I delete (*also possible*: Did you)
- He didn't click ... Did he click
- She didn't upload ... Did she upload
- Her computer didn't crash ... Did her computer crash
- It didn't download ... Did it download

Exercise 3, p. 31.*Sample answers:*

- Steve Jobs didn't start a clothing company. Steve jobs started Apple (OR: a computer company).
- Princess Diana didn't die in a boating accident. Princess Diana died in a car accident.
- Apollo 1* didn't land on the moon. *Apollo 11* landed on the moon.
- Malala Yousafzai didn't receive the Nobel Peace Prize at the age of 20. Malala Yousafzai received the Nobel Peace Prize at the age of 17.
- The *Titanic* didn't crash into a boat. The *Titanic* crashed into an iceberg.

Exercise 5, p. 34.

- | | |
|-----------|----------|
| 1. went | 6. saw |
| 2. walked | 7. read |
| 3. pushed | 8. found |
| 4. slept | 9. paid |
| 5. held | 10. put |

Photos:

- car seat
- nutritional information
- dairy aisle
- checkout counter
- receipt
- produce aisle

Exercise 6, p. 35.

- spoke / didn't speak
- thought / didn't think
- drank / didn't drink
- rode / didn't ride
- sent / didn't send
- forgot / didn't forget
- bought / didn't buy
- swam / didn't swim
- won / didn't win

Exercise 8, p. 35.

- Yes, I fell down.
- Yes, I hurt myself when I fell down.
- Yes, I broke my arm.
- Yes, I went to the ER.
- Yes, I waited in the waiting room for a long time.
- Yes, I spoke with a nurse.
- Yes, I saw a doctor.
- Yes, the doctor put a cast on my arm.
- Yes, I got a prescription for the pain.
- Yes, I paid a lot of money.

Exercise 9, p. 36.

- stole
- felt ... shook
- broke
- flew (*also OK*: went)
- dreamed / dreamt ... ate
- bit ... went

Exercise 10, p. 36.*Wendy:*

- | | |
|-----------------|---------------|
| 3. didn't ride | 7. brought |
| 4. got | 8. answered |
| 5. didn't watch | 9. didn't fix |
| 6. made | |

Sam:

- | | |
|--------------|-----------------|
| 3. took | 7. didn't lie |
| 4. didn't go | 8. thought |
| 5. fell | 9. didn't begin |
| 6. came | 10. finished |

Exercise 11, p. 37.*(Answers may vary.)*

- | | |
|------------------|-----------------|
| 1. rode ... took | 7. dug |
| 2. chose | 8. rose ... set |
| 3. spent | 9. sent |
| 4. sent | 10. taught |
| 5. wore | 11. hung / put |
| 6. made ... woke | |

Exercise 13, p. 38.

- B: got
- A: Did you sleep
B: I did ... slept
- A: Did you take
B: I didn't ... missed ... overslept
B: I didn't hear
- A: Did you eat
B: didn't ... didn't have ... bought
- A: Did you visit
B: did ... saw
A: Did da Vinci paint
B: he did ... painted

Exercise 16, p. 40.*The Daily News*

Yesterday morning, David **checked** his Twitter feed. He **wanted** to get the latest sports news. He also **looked** at the national news and **read** several stories. His wife, Milana, **checked** her favorite newspapers online. She **looked** only at the headlines. She **didn't** have a lot of time. She **finished** articles later in the day. Both David and Milana **knew** a lot about the day's events.

Exercise 17, p. 40.

- | | |
|--------------|--------------|
| 1. different | 3. different |
| 2. same | 4. same |

Exercise 18, p. 41.

- | | |
|---------|------------|
| 1. a, b | 5. a, b |
| 2. b, c | 6. a |
| 3. a, c | 7. a, b, c |
| 4. b, c | 8. a, c |

Exercise 19, p. 41.**Part II**

- | | |
|------------------|-------------------|
| 2. did ... spent | 7. did ... read |
| 3. did ... met | 8. did ... lost |
| 4. did ... sold | 9. did ... found |
| 5. did ... broke | 10. did ... upset |
| 6. did ... kept | |

Exercise 20, p. 42.**Part II**

- | | |
|------------|-------------|
| 1. wasn't | 6. wasn't |
| 2. was | 7. was |
| 3. weren't | 8. was |
| 4. were | 9. were |
| 5. was | 10. weren't |

Exercise 21, p. 42.**Part I**

giving hitting dying trying

Part II

stopped studied enjoyed tied

Exercise 22, p. 43.

- | | |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1. waiting ... waited | 7. playing ... played |
| 2. cleaning ... cleaned | 8. studying ... studied |
| 3. planting ... planted | 9. crying ... cried |
| 4. planning ... planned | 10. dying ... died |
| 5. hoping ... hoped | 11. sleeping |
| 6. hopping ... hopped | 12. running |

Exercise 23, p. 44.**Part I**

- | | |
|--------------|--------------|
| 1. beginning | 6. lying |
| 2. closing | 7. listening |
| 3. hurried | 8. opening |
| 4. enjoyed | 9. shopping |
| 5. happened | 10. tried |

Part II

- | | |
|-------------|--------------------------|
| 1. shopping | 6. beginning |
| 2. hurried | 7. listening ... closing |
| 3. happened | 8. lying |
| 4. tried | 9. enjoyed |
| 5. opening | |

Exercise 24, p. 45.

- | | |
|----------------|------------|
| 1. had | 7. wrote |
| 2. needed | 8. was |
| 3. applied | 9. built |
| 4. didn't want | 10. bought |
| 5. said | 11. called |
| 6. stayed | |

Exercise 25, p. 45.**Part I***Sample answers:*

- He went to a waterslide park and loved the fast slides.
- Her aunt didn't like her clothes or haircut.

Exercise 27, p. 47.

- | | |
|------------------|-----------------|
| 2. were studying | 4. was texting |
| 3. was accepting | 5. were working |

Exercise 29, p. 48.

- was setting
- was serving
- was clearing off
- was rinsing ... (was) putting
- was sweeping

Exercise 30, p. 48.**Part I**

- | | |
|---------------------|----------------------|
| 1. a leaking pipe | 3. an outdoor faucet |
| 2. a kitchen faucet | 4. a dripping faucet |

Part III

- weren't dripping
- were working
- weren't running
- was running
- was using
- wasn't turning
- was cooling

Exercise 31, p. 49.*Underlined verbs:*

- were traveling
- A: was ... talking
B: were describing
- A: 's (is) ... talking
B: 's (is) ... describing

Exercise 32, p. 49.

- I was driving when the earthquake hit. (longer, shorter)
- The road cracked open while I was driving. (shorter, longer)
- While the ground was shaking, my car was moving from side to. (longer, longer)

Exercise 33, p. 50.

1. b, c
2. a
3. d
4. Liza was looking at the limousine.
5. The movie star was waving at her.
6. Liza looked at the limousine.

Exercise 34, p. 51.

2. was eating ... came
3. came ... was eating
4. was sleeping
5. was sleeping ... rang
6. rang ... was sleeping
7. began
8. was walking ... saw
9. saw ... was standing ... was holding
10. waved ... saw

Exercise 35, p. 52.

3. spilled ... was sitting
4. was standing ... sent
5. ran into ... was standing
6. dropped ... was standing
7. swam ... was diving
8. was diving ... saw
9. was diving ... found

Exercise 38, p. 54.

- | | |
|----------|-----------|
| 1. Julia | 4. Sam |
| 2. James | 5. Pierre |
| 3. Paul | 6. Hank |

Exercise 39, p. 54.

- | | |
|--------------------|---------------------|
| 2. is doing | 11. looks |
| 3. isn't studying | 13. was doing |
| 4. is staring | 14. wasn't studying |
| 5. wants | 15. was staring |
| 6. is looking | 16. wanted |
| 7. are you looking | 17. was looking |
| 8. am watching | 18. pointed |
| 9. is turning | 19. said |
| 10. is | 20. offered |

Exercise 40, p. 55.

- | | |
|----------------|------------------|
| 1. works | 10. reached |
| 2. need | 11. was reaching |
| 3. call | 12. lost |
| 4. is working | 13. hit |
| 5. came | 14. is |
| 6. was | 15. isn't |
| 7. had | 16. feels |
| 8. was driving | 17. made |
| 9. rang | |

Exercise 41, p. 56.

1. Cashier: Did you find
Customer: was looking ... didn't see
Cashier: It's
2. Cashier: looks ... Did you
Customer: thought ... had ... guess
3. Cashier: Do you have
Customer: had

Cashier: were

Customer: was ... was

Exercise 42, p. 56.

Checked sentences: 1, 2, 3

Exercise 43, p. 57.

Checked sentences: 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7

Exercise 44, p. 58.

- | | |
|---------------|---------------|
| 1. a. 1; b. 2 | 4. a. 2; b. 1 |
| 2. a. 2; b. 1 | 5. a. 2; b. 1 |
| 3. a. 1; b. 2 | 6. a. 2; b. 1 |

Exercise 45, p. 58.

2. When it began to rain, I took out my umbrella.
I took out my umbrella when it began to rain.
3. After I worked all day, I went home.
I went home after I worked all day.
4. As soon as I heard the doorbell, I opened the door.
I opened the door as soon as I heard the doorbell.
5. Until I needed to go to bed, I chatted with my neighbor.
I chatted with my neighbor until I needed to go to bed.
6. While my neighbor was talking, I was thinking about my job.
I was thinking about my job while my neighbor was talking.
While I was thinking about my job, my neighbor was talking.
My neighbor was talking while I was thinking about my job.

Exercise 46, p. 59.

1. cut ... was using ... yelled ... brought ... took ... was bleeding ... cleaned ... was ... wrapped
2. stung ... was planting ... gave
3. was working ... fell ... broke ... was lying ... found ... called ... put ... kept ... arrived

Exercise 48, p. 61.

2. used to think
3. did you use / did you used to live
4. Did you use / Did you used to work
5. used to sleep ... didn't use to wake up / didn't used to wake up
6. used to watch ... didn't use to stream / didn't used to stream
7. did you use to watch / did you used to watch

Exercise 50, p. 62.

2. **Were** you sick last week?
3. Rico **caught** a cold after he **played** outside for several hours.
4. My grandma **lost** her keys at the mall last week.
5. Junko used to **work** for an investment company.
6. We **didn't have** fun when we went to the party.
7. **Did** your plane **arrive** on time last night?
8. While my mom **was** shopping, someone took her credit cards.
9. All the students **were checking** / **checked** their phones during the class break.
10. My family used to **go** to the beach every weekend, but now we don't.

Exercise 51, p. 62.

J. K. Rowling

J. K. Rowling used to be an English language teacher before she became famous as the author of the *Harry Potter* series. From 1991 to 1994, she spent time in Portugal. While she was living there, she taught English. She was also working on her first *Harry Potter* book. Her journey from teacher to worldwide fame is an unexpected story.

After Rowling taught in Portugal, she went back to Scotland. By then she was a single mother with a young daughter. She didn't have much money, but she didn't want to return to teaching until she completed her book. Rowling did a lot of writing in a café. Her apartment was cold, and she enjoyed drinking coffee. While her daughter was taking naps beside her, Rowling worked on her book. She wrote quickly, and when her daughter was three, Rowling finished *Harry Potter and the Philosopher's Stone*.

Many publishers were not interested in her book. She doesn't remember how many rejection letters she got — maybe twelve. Finally, a small publishing company, Bloomsbury, accepted it. Shortly after its publication, the book began to sell quickly, and Rowling soon became famous. Now there are several *Harry Potter* books, and Rowling is one of the wealthiest and most successful women in the world.

Pretest, p. 64.

- | | |
|---------|---------|
| 1. c | 7. a, b |
| 2. b | 8. b, c |
| 3. a | 9. a, c |
| 4. a, b | 10. c |
| 5. c | 11. a |
| 6. c | |

Exercise 1, p. 64.

Sentences: 1, 3; same meaning

Exercise 2, p. 65.

Checked sentences: 1, 2, 4, 7, 8

Exercise 3, p. 65.

- this afternoon, today
- tomorrow, this week
- today, this morning, last week
- this morning, tonight, today
- this evening, next week

Exercise 4, p. 66.

(Questions may vary.)

- What are you doing right now?
- What are you going to do tomorrow?
- What do you do every day?
- What are you going to do this month?
- What are you going to do a week from now?
- What did you do the day before yesterday?
- What are you going to do the day after tomorrow?
- What did you do last week?
- What do you do every week?
- What are you going to do this weekend?

Exercise 6, p. 67.

- B: is going to stop
A: is he going to stop
B: is going to get
- A: are you going to do
B: am going to pick up
- A: are you going to make
B: am not going to cook ... am going to get
- A: Are you going to finish
B: am going to finish

Exercise 7, p. 67.

Questions:

- Where are you going to go after your last class today?
- What time are you going to wake up tomorrow?
- What are you going to have for breakfast tomorrow?
- Are you going to be home this evening?
- Where are you going to be next year?
- Are you going to become famous some day?
- Are you going to take a trip sometime next year?
- Are you going to do something unusual in the near future?

Exercise 10, p. 69.

- | | |
|---------------|--------------|
| 1. will open | 5. will show |
| 2. will offer | 6. will play |
| 3. will close | 7. will sell |
| 4. will have | 8. will be |

Exercise 11, p. 69.

Questions:

- Will we have class tomorrow?
- Will it rain tonight?
- Will the weather be hot next week?
- Will you lend me some money?
- Will you dream in English tonight?
- Will we need our grammar books tomorrow?
- Will our teacher give us homework today?

Exercise 12, p. 70.

- | | | |
|---------|----------|----------|
| 2. will | 5. won't | 8. won't |
| 3. will | 6. will | 9. will |
| 4. will | 7. will | |

Exercise 13, p. 70.

b, a, b

Exercise 14, p. 71.

Part II

- | | |
|---------------------|------------------|
| 2. are going to | 8. is |
| 3. are going to | 9. going to |
| 4. are you going to | 10. is |
| 5. are going to | 11. going to |
| 6. Are | 12. are going to |
| 7. going to | |

Exercise 15, p. 72.

- | | |
|-----------|------------|
| 1. I'll | 4. He'll |
| 2. You'll | 5. They'll |
| 3. She'll | 6. We'll |

Exercise 16, p. 72.

Part II

- | | |
|--------------|-----------------|
| 2. will make | 5. will be |
| 3. will call | 6. will cost |
| 4. will help | 7. will explain |

Exercise 17, p. 73.

Speaker B has a prior plan in Conversation 1.

Exercise 18, p. 73.

- | | |
|--------|-----------|
| 1. no | 5. no |
| 2. yes | 6. yes |
| 3. no | 7. A: yes |
| 4. yes | B: no |

Exercise 19, p. 74.

- My husband and I are going to stay in small towns and camp on the beach.
- We're going to bring a tent.
- We're going to celebrate our wedding anniversary there.
- My father, who was born in Thailand, is going to join us, but he's going to stay in a hotel.
- He's going to show us his favorite sights.

Exercise 20, p. 74.

- am (I'm) going to
- will (I'll)
- am (I'm) going to
- A: am (I'm) going to
B: will (I'll)
- are going ('re going)
- will (I'll)
- will (I'll)

Exercise 21, p. 75.**Part I**

I'm sorry, but I won't be in class tomorrow. I'm sick and am going to go to the doctor in the morning. I'll check the assignments online, and my roommate will bring you my essay. I hope I'll be back soon.

How's it going? I'm not gonna be in class tomorrow. I'm gonna stay home. I am kind of sick. I am really tired, and I'm not sleeping. Maybe it's stress. I don't know. I don't remember the homework. Could you send it to me?

I'll see ya.

Exercise 22, p. 76.

- | | |
|------|------|
| 1. a | 5. a |
| 2. b | 6. b |
| 3. b | 7. a |
| 4. a | 8. b |

Exercise 23, p. 77.

- | | | |
|--------|---------|---------|
| 1. 50% | 3. 100% | 5. 100% |
| 2. 50% | 4. 90% | 6. 100% |

Exercise 24, p. 78.

- She probably won't go / probably isn't going to go to work tomorrow.
She'll probably stay / She is probably going to stay home and rest.
- He'll probably go / He is probably going to go to bed early tonight.
He probably won't stay / He probably isn't going to stay up all night again tonight.
- She probably won't run / She probably isn't going to run in the marathon race this week.
She'll probably skip / She is probably going to skip the race.

Exercise 25, p. 78.

- | | |
|---------|---------|
| 1. 100% | 4. 90% |
| 2. 90% | 5. 100% |
| 3. 50% | 6. 50% |

Exercise 26, p. 78.

- Maybe Lisa won't get here.
- You may win the contest.
- Maybe the plane will land early.
- Sergio may not pass the class.

Exercise 30, p. 81.

- | | |
|------------|-----------------|
| 2. returns | 5. am |
| 3. lands | 6. isn't ... is |
| 4. find | 7. are |

Exercise 31, p. 81.

- is going to clean ... finishes
- go ... am going to make
- is going to fix ... visits
- am going to look for ... find
- stops ... is going to wash
- gets ... are going to work

Exercise 33, p. 82.

- Before Sue picks up groceries, she is going to go to the dentist.
- Before Sue has lunch with Hiro, she is going to pick up groceries.
- After Sue picks up groceries, she is going to have lunch with Hiro.
- Before Sue takes her father to his doctor's appointment, she is going to have lunch with Hiro.

Exercise 34, p. 82.

- goes ... is going to brush
- went ... brushed
- was taking ... went off
- went off ... jumped
- gets ... is going to fix
- fixes ... break

Exercise 35, p. 83.

All four sentences express future time.

Exercise 36, p. 83.

- B: are you doing (future time)
A: am going ... are going (future time)
B: am meeting (future time)
- A: are you majoring (present time)
B: am majoring (present time)
A: are you taking (future time)
B: am taking (present time)
- A: are you doing (present time)
B: am cutting (present time)

Exercise 37, p. 84.

- | | |
|-------------|---------------|
| 1. 'm going | 6. driving |
| 2. are | 7. 'm flying |
| 3. going | 8. 'm taking |
| 4. Are | 9. 'm staying |
| 5. flying | |

Exercise 39, p. 84.

- | | |
|------------|---------|
| 1. a, b | 3. b, c |
| 2. a, b, c | 4. a, c |

Exercise 40, p. 85.

- | | |
|------------|-------------|
| 1. a, b, c | 6. a, b, c |
| 2. b, c | 7. a, b, c |
| 3. b, c | 8. b, c |
| 4. a, b, c | 9. b, c |
| 5. b, c | 10. a, b, c |

Exercise 41, p. 86.

Picture A

Exercise 42, p. 86.*(Answers may vary.)*

- The monkey is about to eat a banana.
- The man is about to pour coffee.
- The plane is about to land.
- The man is about to answer / hang up the phone.
- The cat is about to go to sleep.
- The man is about to start a fire.
- The boy is about to hit a fly / some flies.
- The man is about to leave.
- The snowboarder is about to jump. / The snowboarder is about to go down the mountain.

Exercise 43, p. 87.

- a, b
- f

Exercise 44, p. 87.

- got ... was streaming ... texting
- is going to move ... work ... graduates
- calls ... complains
- starting ... ending ... start ... end
- was sitting ... drinking ... landed ... stung ... dropped ... spilled
- get ... am going to take ... go

Exercise 45, p. 88.

- was raining ... took ... got ... found
- opens ... leave
- A: cut ... is bleeding
B: 'll / will get (*action at the moment of speaking*)

- A: is ringing
B: know
A: Do you want
B: never answer
- A: is ... are flashing
B: know ... know ... see
A: is going ... Are you speeding
B: am driving
A: is passing (*also possible: is going to pass, passed*)

Exercise 46, p. 89.

- B: does ... say
A: will receive
B: will be ... want
C: solves ... don't understand ... I'll ... smile
D: work ... will be
A: looks ... will have

Exercise 47, p. 89.

- He **came** here four years ago.
- Before he came here, he **studied** biology in Chile.
- He **left** Chile and **moved** here.
- Then he went to New York and **stayed** there for three years.
- He **graduated** from New York University.
- Now he **is studying** for his medical degree.
- After he **finishes** his medical degree, he **will / is going** to return to Chile.

Exercise 48, p. 90.*Travel: A Weekend in Nashville*

My friend Sara and I are taking a trip to Nashville, Tennessee, soon. Nashville is the home of country music, and Sara loves country music. She wants to go to several shows. Nashville has more than 160 places to hear live music. Many country music singers become famous in Nashville. I don't know anything about country music, but I'm looking forward to going. We're leaving Friday evening as soon as Sara gets off work. We will be away for a week. We're going to take the train. It's a 14-hour trip, so we will sleep for part of the time. Sara has a cousin in Nashville. We are going to try to visit her, but it's possible she will be out of town. We are getting back on Sunday night because we both need to work on Monday. Sara and I are excited about our first trip to Nashville.

Pretest, p. 91.

1. C
2. I, ... have just finished ...
3. C
4. I, ... have started kindergarten **already**.
5. C
6. C
7. I, ... grandfather **died** ...
8. C
9. C
10. I, ... have **stayed** ... three times
11. C

Exercise 1, p. 91.

- | | |
|------------|------------|
| 3. stayed | 7. written |
| 4. visited | 8. begun |

Exercise 2, p. 92.**Part I**

2. die, died, died
3. finish, finished, finished
4. move, moved, moved
5. study, studied, studied
6. walk, walked, walked

Part II

8. come, came, come
9. do, did, done
10. know, knew, known
11. leave, left, left
12. read, read, read
13. speak, spoke, spoken
14. teach, taught, taught
15. think, thought, thought

Exercise 5, p. 94.

2. A: Have you ever eaten
B: haven't ... have never eaten
3. A: Have you ever found
B: haven't ... have never found
4. A: Have you ever talked
B: haven't ... have never talked
5. A: Have you ever gone
B: haven't ... have never gone

Exercise 6, p. 95.

- | | |
|----------|-----------|
| 1. seen | 6. had |
| 2. flown | 7. fallen |
| 3. run | 8. felt |
| 4. done | 9. spoken |
| 5. torn | 10. won |

Exercise 7, p. 95.*Questions:*

1. Have you ever cut your own hair?
2. Have you ever caught a big fish?
3. Have you ever taken care of an animal?
4. Have you ever lost something very important?
5. Have you ever sat on a bee?

6. Have you ever broken your arm or your leg?
7. Have you ever thrown a ball and hit a window?
8. Have you ever swum in the Atlantic Ocean?

Exercise 8, p. 95.

- | | |
|------|------|
| 1. b | 3. b |
| 2. a | 4. a |

Exercise 9, p. 97.

- | | |
|------------|----------|
| 2. given | 6. had |
| 3. changed | 7. felt |
| 4. taken | 8. slept |
| 5. gotten | |

Exercise 10, p. 97.

1. a, b
2. b, d
3. a, b, c, d

Exercise 11, p. 98

2. No, he hasn't picked up his kids at school yet.
3. Yes, he has taken his car for an oil change already. / Yes, he has already taken ...
4. No, he hasn't finished his errands yet.
5. Yes, he has shopped for groceries already. / Yes, he has already shopped ...
6. No, he hasn't had lunch with Michael yet.

Exercise 12, p. 98.

- | | |
|--------|--------|
| 1. is | 4. is |
| 2. has | 5. has |
| 3. is | 6. has |

Exercise 13, p. 99.

1. a
2. b

Exercise 14, p. 100.

- | | |
|-----------|-----------|
| 3. since | 12. since |
| 4. since | 13. since |
| 5. for | 14. for |
| 6. for | 15. since |
| 7. for | 16. for |
| 8. since | 17. for |
| 9. for | 18. since |
| 10. for | 19. since |
| 11. since | 20. since |

Exercise 16, p. 101.

2. has interviewed
3. has met
4. has found
5. has made
6. has become
7. has signed
8. has shaken
9. has written
10. has thought

Exercise 18, p. 102.

- [Ever since Tina took her car in for repairs,] it hasn't run ...
- has had ... [since he had an accident.]
- [Ever since my friend changed the oil in my car,] I have noticed ...
- has had [ever since I drove through a construction area.]

Exercise 19, p. 102.

Questions: How long have you ...

Partner A:

- lived in (_____)?
- studied English?
- been in this class?
- been at this school?
- had long hair / short hair / medium-length hair?
- had a beard / a mustache?

Partner B:

- worn glasses?
- had a roommate?
- had a pet?
- been married?
- been interested in (_____)?
- wanted to be (_____)?

Exercise 20, p. 103.

Ellie

I'd like to tell you a little about Ellie. She has lived in Vancouver, Canada, for six months. She has studied English for five years. She has been at this school since September. She likes it here.

She has medium length hair. She has never worn glasses, except sunglasses. She likes to wear hats. Of course, she has never had a mustache!

Ellie doesn't have a roommate, but she has a pet bird. She has had her bird for one month. His name is Howie, and he likes to sing.

She is interested in biology. She has been interested in biology since she was a child. She has never been married. She wants to be a doctor. She would like to become a doctor before she has a family.

Exercise 21, p. 103.

- got ... have felt
- has moved ... began
- haven't seen ... left
- met ... has not thought
- have had ... bought
- have enjoyed

Exercise 22, p. 104.

Part II

- | | |
|---------|---------|
| 1. has | 4. has |
| 2. has | 5. have |
| 3. have | |

Exercise 23, p. 104.

Pam (Use of the present perfect indicates the activity is not finished. She may travel around the world again.)

Exercise 24, p. 105.

- present perfect / We don't know the time.
- simple past / We know the time.
- simple past / We know the time.
- present perfect / We don't know the time.
- present perfect / We don't know the time.
- simple past / We know the time.

Exercise 25, p. 105.

- Sue
- Cathy
- Grandma ... Aunt Alexa
- Jenny, Keisha, Chen

Exercise 26, p. 106.

- have ... have taken ... took
- did
- A: have you visited
B: have visited ... visited ... was
- have already written ... wrote ... posted
- A: Has Romero ever visited
B: has ... has visited

Exercise 28, p. 107.

- | | |
|----------|-----------|
| 1. spent | 5. slept |
| 2. made | 6. driven |
| 3. sent | 7. sung |
| 4. left | |

Exercise 31, p. 109.

- is waiting ... has been waiting
- are studying ... have been studying
- are doing ... have been doing
- A: are you doing
B: am working
A: have you been working
B: have been working

Exercise 33, p. 110.

Roger

Exercise 34, p. 111.

- a. has been helping
b. has helped
- a. has been sleeping
b. has slept
- a. have read
b. have been reading

Exercise 35, p. 111.

Checked sentences:

- | | |
|---------|---------|
| 1. a, b | 4. a, c |
| 2. a | 5. d, e |
| 3. b | |

Exercise 36, p. 112.

- | | |
|---------|---------|
| 1. b | 4. b |
| 2. c | 5. b, c |
| 3. b, c | |

Exercise 37, p. 112.

1. has
2. been changing
3. We've
4. had
5. have
6. seen
7. have been building
8. We've been saying
9. We've
10. seen

Exercise 38, p. 113.

3. have taken
4. have been walking
5. have stayed
6. has been snowing
7. B: have worked/have been working
A: Have you taught/Have you been teaching
B: have taught/have been teaching

Exercise 39, p. 114.

1. b 3. a
2. b 4. a

Exercise 41, p. 115.

Sentence b

Exercise 42, p. 117.

2. a. 1st 5. a. 2nd
 b. 2nd b. 1st
3. a. 2nd 6. a. 1st
 b. 1st b. 2nd
4. a. 1st 7. a. 1st
 b. 2nd b. 2nd

Exercise 43, p. 118.

1. have 5. had
2. had 6. have
3. has 7. has ... had
4. had

Exercise 44, p. 118.

2. I started English classes at this school two months ago, and I have learned a lot of English since then.
3. I **have wanted** to learn English since I **was** a child.
4. I have been thinking about how to improve my English skills quickly since I came here, but I **haven't** found a good way.
5. Our teacher likes to give tests. We **have had** six tests since the beginning of the term.
6. I like learning English. When I was young, my father found an Australian girl to teach my brothers and me English, but when we moved to another city, my father didn't find anyone to teach us.
7. I **have** made many friends since school started. I **met** Abdul in the cafeteria on the first day. He was friendly and kind. We **have been** friends since that day.
8. Abdul **has** been studying English **for** three months. His English is better than mine.

Exercise 45, p. 119.

A Brief Introduction

My name is Tanet Sakda. I am from Thailand. Right now I am studying English at this school. I have been at this school since the beginning of January. I arrived here on January 2, and my classes began on January 6.

Since I came here, I have done many things, and I have met many people. Last week, I went to a party at my friend's house. I met some of the other students from Thailand at the party. Of course, we spoke Thai, so I didn't practice my English that night. There were only people from Thailand at the party.

However, since I came here, I have made friends with a lot of other people too, including people from Latin America and the Middle East. I have enjoyed meeting people from other countries, and they have become my friends. Now I know people from around the world.

Pretest, p. 121.

1. I, Is
2. C
3. C
4. I, did you ask
5. I, What happened
6. I, does he do
7. C
8. I, How old
9. C
10. I, How far is it from
11. I, How long does it take
12. C
13. C
14. I, isn't there

Exercise 1, p. 121.

- A: b
B: d

Exercise 2, p. 122.

- | | |
|------------------------|--------------------------|
| 1. A: Is
B: is | 6. A: Are
B: am |
| 2. A: Do
B: do | 7. A: Was
B: was |
| 3. A: Did
B: did | 8. A: Have
B: haven't |
| 4. A: Was
B: wasn't | 9. A: Will
B: will |
| 5. A: Is
B: is | 10. A: Do
B: do |

Exercise 3, p. 123.

2. A: Does the price include tax?
B: it doesn't.
3. A: Do I / we need a reservation?
B: you do.
4. A: Are you open every day?
B: we are.
5. A: Is the tour going to leave soon?
B: it isn't.
6. A: Did the bus come?
B: it did.
7. A: Have I / we missed the flight?
B: you haven't.
8. A: Is there an express train?
B: there is.

Exercise 4, p. 123.*Questions:*

1. Do you like animals?
2. Have you ever had a pet snake?
3. Is it cold in this room?
4. Is it raining right now?
5. Did you sleep well last night?
6. Are you tired right now?
7. Are you going to be here next year? / Will you be here next year?

Exercise 5, p. 124.

- | | |
|--------|---------|
| 1. Do | 5. Does |
| 2. Are | 6. Did |
| 3. Did | 7. Is |
| 4. Did | 8. Is |

Exercise 6, p. 124.**Part II**

- | | |
|-------------|------------|
| 1. Is she | 5. Did it |
| 2. Is he | 6. Has he |
| 3. Is that | 7. Does it |
| 4. Is there | |

Exercise 7, p. 125.

- | | | |
|---------|---------|------|
| 1. a, c | 2. a, d | 3. b |
|---------|---------|------|

Exercise 8, p. 125.

- | | |
|--|---|
| 2. Do they live a simple life? | b |
| 3. When do they pick fruit from trees? | a |
| 4. Do they have electricity? | a |
| 5. Do they enjoy their life? | a |
| 6. Are they happy? | b |

Exercise 9, p. 126.

1. How come you are going?
What are you going for?
2. How come they came?
What did they come for?
3. How come he needs more money?
What does he need more money for?
4. How come they are going to leave?
What are they going to leave for?

Exercise 10, p. 126.

2. are your kids transferring to
are your kids transferring to Lakeview Elementary
School
3. are you going to meet Taka at the mall
are you going to meet Taka at 10:00
4. does class begin
does class begin
5. did you stay home from work
did you stay home from work

Exercise 11, p. 127.

2. do
3. Have you
4. haven't
5. are they going to
6. why are
7. Do you

Exercise 12, p. 127.

- | | |
|------|------|
| 1. c | 4. b |
| 2. b | 5. c |
| 3. a | |

Exercise 13, p. 128.

1. b
2. d
3. c
4. a

Exercise 14, p. 128

- S
3. Who is outside?
O
 4. Who(m) did Talya meet?
O
 5. What did Mike find out?
S
 6. What changed Gina's mind?
O
 7. Who(m) is Gina talking about?
O
 8. What is Gina talking about?

Exercise 15, p. 129.

1. Who
2. What
3. Who
4. What
5. Who
6. Who

Exercise 16, p. 129.

1. Talk to you later.
2. By the way
3. Rolling on the floor laughing
4. In my opinion
5. In my humble opinion
6. Take your time.
7. I love you.
8. Hugs and kisses
9. On my way
10. *Gotta go.* (I've got to go.)

Exercise 17, p. 130.

1. What
2. What
3. Who
4. Who
5. What
6. What
7. Who

Exercise 18, p. 130.

1. What did he
2. Did he tell
3. Who did he
4. What did he
5. Why
6. you tell

Exercise 19, p. 131.*Questions:*

1. When did Tom get home?
2. Where was his wife?
3. What did Tom buy?
4. Why was Tom late?
5. What present did Nina get?

Exercise 21, p. 131.

2. What did you do
3. What are you going to do
4. What do you want to do
5. What would you like to do
6. What do you do
7. What are you doing
8. What does your wife do

Exercise 24, p. 133.

3. Which (pen) / (one) would you like?
4. What did Hassan borrow from you?
5. A: What do you have in your hand?
B: Which (piece) / (one) would you like?
6. A: Which countries did you enjoy

Exercise 26, p. 135.

1. e
2. d
3. a
4. b
5. c

Exercise 27, p. 135.*(Answers may vary.)*

1. He's very tall. He's 6 foot, 6 inches (2 meters).
2. He's 14 years old.
3. He doesn't sleep well.
4. He's very uncomfortable.
5. He likes / prefers to travel by train. OR He likes / prefers to take a train.

Exercise 28, p. 136.

2. How important is education?
3. How do you get to school?
4. How deep is the ocean?
5. How are you going to get to Buenos Aires?
6. How difficult was the test?
7. How did you get here?
8. How soon are you going to get there? *(also possible: How quickly)*
9. How will you get to my house?
10. How high is Mount Everest?

Exercise 29, p. 137.

1. How fresh
2. How cheap
3. How hard
4. How clean
5. How hot
6. How noisy
7. How serious

Exercise 33, p. 139.

1. How old are
2. How tall are
3. How much do
4. how well do
5. How quickly do
6. How often do
7. How tired are
8. How many times a week do
9. How are
10. How soon can

Exercise 34, p. 140.

1. 774 miles / 1,250 kilometers
2. 227 miles
3. 1,300 kilometers

Exercise 35, p. 140.

- How far / How many kilometers is it from Montreal to Quebec?
- How far / How many blocks is it from here to the post office?
- How far / How many miles is it from work to here?

Exercise 39, p. 142.

- How many days did it take you to drive to Istanbul?
- How many weeks will Mr. McNally be in the hospital?
- How many months have you been living here?
- How long did you live in Oman?
- How long does it take to learn a second language?
- How long have you known Mr. Pham?
- How long has he been living in Canada?

Exercise 40, p. 143.

- is
- will
- did
- are

Exercise 42, p. 144.

- are
- are
- did
- did
- is
- does
- will
- are
- will
- is
- will

Exercise 43, p. 145.

- Where are you
- Who are you
- Who is
- How long have you
- Where did you
- Where does he
- Is he
- What time will you
- Why are you
- Why are you
- Why am I

Exercise 44, p. 145.

- What do you
- What are you
- What are you
- What are you
- What do you
- What are you
- What do you
- What do you

Exercise 45, p. 145.**Part I:** 1. a 2. a**Part II:** Questions 1 and 2**Exercise 49, p. 147.**A: Let's invite the Thompsons over for dinner.B: Good idea! How about next Sunday?A: Let's do it sooner. What about this Saturday?**Exercise 50, p. 148.**

- a
- c
- b
- a

Exercise 52, p. 149.

- Yes.
- No.

Exercise 53, p. 149.

- a
- a
- a

Exercise 54, p. 150.

- | | |
|------------|-----------|
| b. doesn't | f. aren't |
| c. don't | g. does |
| d. doesn't | h. is |
| e. isn't | i. aren't |
- | | |
|-----------|-----------|
| a. didn't | c. were |
| b. did | d. wasn't |
- | | |
|-----------|------------|
| a. aren't | d. weren't |
| b. is | e. was |
| c. is | |
- | | |
|------------|-----------|
| a. hasn't | d. hasn't |
| b. haven't | e. has |
| c. have | f. hasn't |

Exercise 56, p. 151.*Expected answers:*

- Yes.
- Yes.
- Yes.
- No.
- No.
- Yes.
- No.
- Yes.
- No.
- No.

Exercise 59, p. 154.

- Where **do** I buy subway tickets?
- What **are you** leaving for?
- What kind of tea **do** you like best?
- It's freezing out, and you're not wearing gloves, **are** you?
- Who(m) **did you study** with at school?
- She is going to work this weekend, **isn't** she?
- How long **does it** take to get to the airport from here?
- How **tall is your father**?
- It's midnight. Why **are** you so late? Why **did** you forget to call?

Pretest, p. 157.

1. I, cities
2. C
3. I, The sun shines.
4. I, phone on the kitchen counter
5. I, at night
6. I, my country in 2015
7. C
8. I, beautiful places (*Note: no -s on beautiful*)
9. I, vegetable garden
10. C
11. I, two brothers' houses
12. C
13. I, mine
14. C
15. I, the other
16. C

Exercise 1, p. 157.

- | | |
|--------|--------|
| 1. one | 4. two |
| 2. two | 5. two |
| 3. one | 6. two |

Exercise 2, p. 158.

- | | |
|------------|-------------|
| 2. window | 9. half |
| 3. wishes | 10. beliefs |
| 4. sheep | 11. wolves |
| 5. taxes | 12. radios |
| 6. boys | 13. foot |
| 7. hobbies | 14. address |
| 8. leaves | |

Exercise 3, p. 159.*People*

- | | |
|----------|---------|
| babies | heroes |
| boys | thieves |
| children | women |
| girls | |

Food

- | | |
|----------|------------|
| fish | sandwiches |
| potatoes | tomatoes |

Things people catch

- | | |
|------|------------------------|
| fish | mosquitoes / mosquitos |
| mice | thieves |

Places people visit

- | | |
|-----------|------|
| cities | zoos |
| libraries | |

Exercise 4, p. 160.

- | | |
|----------|----------|
| supplies | dressess |
| shirts | outfits |
| jeans | shoes |
| pants | babies |

Exercise 5, p. 160.

- | | |
|--------|--------|
| 1. no | 4. no |
| 2. yes | 5. yes |
| 3. yes | 6. no |

Exercise 6, p. 161.

- | | |
|---------|---------|
| 1. /s/ | 4. /z/ |
| 2. /z/ | 5. /əz/ |
| 3. /əz/ | 6. /s/ |

Exercise 7, p. 161.

- | | |
|--------------|--------------|
| 1. different | 5. different |
| 2. same | 6. same |
| 3. same | 7. different |
| 4. different | 8. different |

Exercise 8, p. 161.

- | | |
|---------|---------|
| 3. /z/ | 7. /s/ |
| 4. /s/ | 8. /əz/ |
| 5. /əz/ | 9. /z/ |
| 6. /z/ | |

Exercise 9, p. 161.

- | | |
|----------|------------|
| 1. sizes | 4. price |
| 2. tax | 5. glasses |
| 3. taxes | 6. prize |

Exercise 10, p. 162.**Part III**

- | | |
|----------------------|---------------|
| 1. Sentence 2 | 3. Sentence 1 |
| 2. Sentences 1 and 3 | 4. Sentence 3 |

Exercise 11, p. 162.

- | <i>Subject</i> | <i>Verb</i> | <i>Object of verb</i> |
|----------------|-------------|-----------------------|
| 3. Birds | build | nests |
| 4. (The)* sun | heats | the earth |
| 5. (The) sun | sets | Ø |
| 6. (The) moon | rises | Ø |
| 7. Fires | destroy | forests |
| 8. Surprises | happen | Ø |

(*Note: *A complete subject includes the article; the simple subject just includes the noun. Both are correct here.*)

Exercise 12, p. 163.

1. a. V
b. N
2. a. N
b. V
3. a. V
b. N
4. a. V
b. N
5. a. N
b. V

Exercise 14, p. 164.

Checked sentences and objects:

2. in a minute
4. down the hill
5. next to the phone
7. in a few hours
8. from my parents

Exercise 15, p. 165.*Checked sentences:*

2. a. Emma sat on the beach. P Obj. of P
- c. She didn't swim in the waves. P Obj. of P
3. a. An athletic woman jumped into the water. O Obj. of P
- b. She swam in the water. P Obj. of P
- c. She swam for an hour. P Obj. of P
4. b. Annika dropped her ring in the sand. P Obj. of P
- c. Annika dropped her ring in the sand P Obj. of P
at the beach.

Exercise 18, p. 166.

- Birds and insects live in the tops of giant trees.
- The canopy forms an umbrella over the rain forest.
- The understory is above the ground and under the leaves.
- Most mosquitoes live in the understory.
- The emergent layer is the top layer. It gets sun. The understory is lower. It is dark and cool. Etc.

Exercise 20, p. 167.

- | | | |
|-------|--------|--------|
| 1. in | 7. on | 13. in |
| 2. in | 8. at | 14. in |
| 3. in | 9. at | 15. in |
| 4. at | 10. on | 16. at |
| 5. on | 11. on | 17. at |
| 6. on | 12. in | 18. in |

Exercise 21, p. 168.

- in
- at
- on
- on
- at
- in
- in

Exercise 22, p. 168.*Checked sentences:*

- a, c
- a, b

Exercise 23, p. 168.

- to Paris next month
- through Turkey last week
- Alexi works at his uncle's bakery on weekends. On weekends, Alexi works at his uncle's bakery.
- I am taking a flight to Cairo tomorrow. Tomorrow I am taking a flight to Cairo.

Exercise 24, p. 169.

- | | |
|------|------|
| 1. Ø | 4. s |
| 2. s | 5. Ø |
| 3. Ø | 6. Ø |

Exercise 25, p. 170.

- (There) ^V is a vacant ^S apartment in my building. OK
- The ^S people on my floor ^V are helpful.
- The ^S neighbors in the apartment next to mine ^V are very friendly.
- My ^S aunt and uncle ^V live next door. OK
- Every ^S person in this building ^V has a pet.
- All ^S apartments ^V have air-conditioning. OK
(The underlined nouns are the simple subjects — without modifiers.)

Exercise 26, p. 170.

- | | |
|------------|------------|
| 1. barks | 6. squeak |
| 2. bark | 7. squeak |
| 3. scream | 8. buzz |
| 4. screams | 9. buzzes |
| 5. scream | 10. buzzes |

Exercise 27, p. 171.

- | | | |
|------|-------|-------|
| 1. s | 8. s | 15. s |
| 2. s | 9. Ø | 16. Ø |
| 3. s | 10. s | 17. s |
| 4. s | 11. s | 18. s |
| 5. s | 12. Ø | 19. s |
| 6. Ø | 13. s | 20. Ø |
| 7. Ø | 14. s | |

Exercise 29, p. 172.*Checked phrases and adjectives:*

- going to a famous place
- a small, dark, uncomfortable room
- long or short hair

Exercise 30, p. 172.

- Red roses are beautiful flowers.
- The waiter poured hot coffee into my empty cup.
- Mrs. Fields gave the hungry kids a fresh snack.
- After our delicious dinner, Frank helped me with the dirty dishes.

Exercise 32, p. 173.

- hot chicken
- chicken recipe
- chicken soup

Exercise 33, p. 173.

- | | |
|----------------------|-------------------|
| 2. vegetable garden | 7. art lesson |
| 3. bean soup | 8. flag poles |
| 4. magazine articles | 9. cough medicine |
| 5. toy factory | 10. brick wall |
| 6. mountain villages | |

Exercise 34, p. 174.

- | | |
|----------------|----------------|
| 1. (no change) | 5. Bikes |
| 2. Computers | 6. (no change) |
| 3. (no change) | 7. (no change) |
| 4. Airplanes | 8. vegetables |

Exercise 36, p. 175.

- | | |
|------------|------------|
| 1. subject | 4. object |
| 2. subject | 5. object |
| 3. object | 6. subject |

Exercise 37, p. 176.

- a. desserts
b. The kids
c. nuts
- a. bees
b. bees
c. bees
- a. table tennis
b. table tennis
c. my brother
d. my brother

Exercise 38, p. 177.

- me
- me
- I
- me ... us
- them ... They are

Exercise 39, p. 177.

- | | |
|-----------------|------------------|
| 2. He ... them | 4. it |
| 3. They ... her | 5. They ... them |

Exercise 40, p. 177.

- B
- A

Exercise 41, p. 178.

- more than one
- more than one
- one
- more than one

Exercise 43, p. 179.**Part I**

- | | |
|--------------|--------------|
| 2. Lisa's | 6. William's |
| 3. Lisa's | 7. Ned's |
| 4. Monica's | 8. William's |
| 5. William's | |

Exercise 44, p. 179.

- a
- b

Exercise 45, p. 180.

- a. Who's that? Jason.
b. Whose apple is that? Jason's.
- a. Whose car is that? Roger's.
b. Who's that? Roger.
- a. Who's that? Buddy.
b. Whose leash is that? Buddy's.

Exercise 46, p. 180.

- Who's
- Who's
- Whose
- Who's
- Who's
- Whose

Exercise 47, p. 181.

- Who's
- Whose
- Whose
- Who's
- Whose
- Who's

Exercise 48, p. 181.

Checked sentences: 1, 2, 4, 5, 7, 8

Exercise 49, p. 182.

- his
- It's ... its
- its ... its
- Hers
- her
- mine
- yours
- A: my ... yours
B: mine ... Yours ... your
- a. They
b. Their
c. Our ... theirs
d. They're ... there ... they're ... their

Exercise 52, p. 183.

- | | |
|--|--------------|
| 2. himself | 5. ourselves |
| 3. yourself ... themselves | 6. herself |
| 4. itself | 7. yourself |
| <i>(also possible: himself, herself)</i> | |
| | 8. myself |

Exercise 54, p. 184.

Picture A

Exercise 55, p. 185.

- The other
- The other
- a. Another
b. Another
c. another
- Another
- The other
- Another ... Another ... The other
- Another ... Another ... Another

Exercise 56, p. 186.

- A
- B

Exercise 58, p. 187.

2. other
3. The others
4. The other
5. Others
6. Other ... others
7. The other
8. The others

Exercise 59, p. 188.

- | | | |
|-----------------|--------------|---------------|
| 1. a. another | b. another | c. another |
| 2. a. the other | b. the other | c. the other |
| 3. a. other | b. other | c. others |
| 4. a. the other | b. the other | c. the others |

Exercise 60, p. 189.

2. the other
3. Others
4. Other
5. Others ... other
6. another
7. The other
8. another
9. The others
10. Other

Exercise 61, p. 189.

1. a
2. b
3. a
4. b
5. b
6. a
7. a

Exercise 62, p. 190.

2. I had some black **bean** soup for lunch.
3. The windows in our classroom **are** dirty.
4. People in Brazil **speak** Portuguese.
5. **There are** around 8,600 types of birds in the world.
6. My mother and father work in Milan. **They're teachers.**
7. In my family, **men** and **women** work as carpenters, pilots, and doctors.
8. **There is** a new student in our class. Have you met her?
9. There are two pools at the park. The smaller one is for **children**. The **other (one)** is for adults.
10. The highways in my country are **excellent**.
11. I don't like my apartment. **It's** in a bad neighborhood. **There is** a lot of crime. I'm going to move to **another** neighborhood.

Modal Auxiliaries, the Imperative, Making Suggestions, Stating Preferences

Pretest, p. 193.

1. C
2. I, could read
3. I, might be
4. C
5. C
6. I, Would / Could / Will / Can you go
7. C
8. I, You had (You'd) better get
9. C
10. I, don't have to study
11. C
12. C
13. I, don't wear
14. I, don't we eat
15. I, would rather live

Exercise 1, p. 193.

Checked sentences: 1, 4

Exercise 2, p. 194.

1. may come
2. is able to come
3. has to come
4. will not (won't) come
5. could not (couldn't) come
6. is not (isn't) able to come

Exercise 3, p. 194.

- | | |
|-------|-------|
| 1. to | 6. Ø |
| 2. to | 7. Ø |
| 3. to | 8. to |
| 4. Ø | 9. Ø |
| 5. Ø | 10. Ø |

Exercise 4, p. 195.

(Answers will vary.)

Exercise 5, p. 196.

Part I

1. can ... can't
2. can ... can't
3. can't ... can
4. can't ... can

Part II

1. A dog is able to swim, but it isn't able to fly.
2. A frog is able to live both on land and in water, but a cat isn't (able to).
3. A bilingual person isn't able to speak three languages, but a trilingual person is (able to).
4. Many people with color blindness aren't able to see green and red, but people with normal color vision are (able to).

Exercise 7, p. 197.

1. can't understand
2. can help
3. Can you explain
4. can't figure
5. can do
6. Can you meet
7. can't meet

Exercise 9, p. 197.

Checked sentences:

Group A: 1, 2, 3

Group B: 4, 5

Group C: No checkmarks; the sentences have different meanings.

Exercise 10, p. 198.

1. It might snow tonight.
Maybe it will snow tonight.
2. You may need to wear your boots.
Maybe you will need to wear your boots.
3. There may be a blizzard.
There might be a blizzard.

Exercise 12, p. 199.

Sentences may have more than one answer.

2. may / might ... may / might ... possibility
3. may / can ... permission
4. may / might ... may / might ... possibility

Exercise 13, p. 199.

1. ability
2. possibility
3. permission
4. possibility
5. permission

Exercise 14, p. 200.

1. c
2. b
3. a

Exercise 15, p. 200.

2. Past, Ability
3. Present, Possibility
4. Past, Ability
5. Future, Possibility
6. Present, Possibility

Exercise 17, p. 201

- | | |
|--------------|-----------|
| 1. could be | 4. may be |
| 2. might be | 5. can |
| 3. could ask | |

Exercise 18, p. 202.

1. can
2. might, may
3. can, may
4. Could
5. could
6. couldn't
7. Can

Exercise 19, p. 202.

Checked sentences: 1, 2, 3

Exercise 20, p. 203.

All three modal verbs are grammatically correct. In general, *May I / Could I* are used for more formal situations. *Can I* is less formal.

1. speak / talk
2. A: speak / talk
B: ask
3. speak / talk
4. help
5. reschedule
6. B: speak / talk
B: leave

Exercise 22, p. 204.

Checked sentences: 1, 2, 4, 5

Exercise 23, p. 205.

Sample answers:

2. Formal: Could you please talk in another room?
Informal: Can you be quiet, please?
3. Formal: Could you please check the bill? I think there's a mistake.
Informal: Will you check the bill? It has a mistake.
4. Formal: Could you hold the door open for me?
Informal: Can you wait for me?

Exercise 25, p. 206.

1. a
2. a, b
3. a, b
4. b
5. a, b
6. a
7. b

Exercise 27, p. 207.

Sample answers:

1. should / ought to take it back to the store
2. should / ought to try a different pillow
3. should / ought to talk with your advisor
4. should / ought to find a new roommate / move
5. should / ought to call the store and tell them what happened
6. should / ought to tell her you don't have enough hot water for long showers.

Exercise 29, p. 208.

(Answers may vary.)

More serious or urgent sentences: 1, 3

Exercise 32, p. 210.

Sentence 1 is more common in writing.

Sentences 2 and 3 are more common in speaking.

Exercise 33, p. 211.

1. necessity
2. advice
3. advice
4. necessity
5. advice
6. necessity

Exercise 36, p. 212.**Part I**

1. may
2. could, may
3. have to
4. might, can
5. could, may
6. Can you, Are you able to

Formal names for Nick, Lilly: Nicholas, Lillian

Part II

(Answers may vary.)

1. Robert
2. Daniel (also possible for a woman: Daniela / Danielle)
3. Jonathan
4. William
5. Deborah
6. Susan
7. Alexandra / Alexandria (woman); Alexander (man)
8. Theresa (woman); Terrence (man)

Exercise 37, p. 212.

1. has to
2. has to
3. You've got to
4. You've got to
5. You have to
6. has to
7. Do I have to
8. Do I have to

Exercise 39, p. 213.

Sentence b

Exercise 40, p. 214.

3. doesn't have to
4. doesn't have to
5. must not
6. don't have to
7. must not

Exercise 42, p. 215.

Most logical conclusions: 1, 4

Exercise 43, p. 216.

- | | |
|-------------|---------|
| 3. must | 6. must |
| 4. must not | 7. must |
| 5. must not | 8. must |

Exercise 44, p. 216.*Sample answers:*

2. She must be happy.
3. She must be cold.
4. She must have a lot of free time.
5. He must be hot.
6. He must be strong.

Exercise 45, p. 216.

2. She must love books. She must like books better than people. She must not like to talk to people.
3. She must be busy all the time. She must not have a lot of spare time. She must be a hard worker.
4. He must be a computer addict. He must not have a happy home life / must not have a lot of friends.

Exercise 46, p. 217.

1. must be
2. had to stay
3. have to work
4. must be

Exercise 47, p. 217.

1. have to
2. should
3. don't have to
4. have got to, have to
5. shouldn't
6. must
7. ought to, should

Exercise 48, p. 218.

1. can't
2. will
3. wouldn't
4. do

Exercise 49, p. 218.

1. can't
2. will
3. wouldn't
4. do
5. should
6. can't
7. wouldn't
8. doesn't
9. shouldn't
10. won't
11. could
12. didn't

Exercise 50, p. 219.*Group 1 speaker:* a police officer*Possible situation:* A police officer stops a driver for speeding.*Group 2 speaker:* a doctor*Possible situation:* A doctor is examining a patient's throat.**Exercise 51, p. 219.***(Sentence order may vary.)*

- c
- d
- a
- e
- f
- b
- h
- g

Exercise 52, p. 220.

1. Write ... write ... Write
2. Double
3. Add
4. Multiply
5. Add
6. Subtract

Exercise 53, p. 220.*Checked sentences:* 2, 3**Exercise 54, p. 221.**

1. a
2. c
3. b

Exercise 56, p. 221.*Sample answers:*

1. Why don't you get a coat?
2. Why don't you sit down?
3. Why don't you call a friend?
4. Why don't you borrow one until you find yours?
5. Why don't you start now and then talk to Professor Lopez?
6. Why don't you go to a friend's and wait?
7. Why don't you call your friend and apologize?

Exercise 58, p. 222.

4. to
5. than
6. than
7. to
8. than
9. than
10. than
11. to
12. than

Exercise 61, p. 224.

2. Emma shouldn't **wear** shorts to work.
3. Would you **please help** me clean the kitchen?
4. George was able to **talk** by the age of one.
5. Today might **be** a good day to go to the zoo with the kids.
6. I ought to **pay** my bills today.
7. **You shouldn't** stay up too late tonight.
8. **Could** you speak any English a few years ago?
9. **Can / Could / Would / Will** you give me your name, please?
10. We **had to** wait a long time for the subway last night.
11. You don't **have** to wait for me. I'll be a little late.
12. You won't tell anyone my secret, **will** you?
13. **Please unlock** the door for me. I can't find my key.
(Also possible: Can / Could / Would / Will you unlock)
14. **Let's take** a break.
15. I prefer cooking vegetables to **eating** them raw.

Exercise 62, p. 225.**don't have to** = not necessary**should** = advice**shouldn't** = advice**might** = possibility**may** = possibility**ought to** = advice**can** = ability*Imperatives:* Be (Be sure), Greet, Say, Save, make (make eye contact), don't chew, Look up

Connecting Ideas: Punctuation and Meaning

Pretest, p. 228.

1. I, My mom puts milk, lemon, and sugar in her tea.
2. C
3. C
4. C
5. C
6. I, The supervisor doesn't leave work early, and neither **do** his employees. OR The supervisor doesn't leave work early, and his **employees don't either**.
7. C
8. I, Even though Thomas likes to cook, he **doesn't often eat** dinner at home. OR Even though Thomas likes to cook, he often eats dinner **out / in restaurants**. OR Even though Thomas **doesn't like** to cook, he often eats dinner at home.
9. I, Jennifer gets good grades **because** she studies a lot. OR Jennifer **doesn't get** good grades although she studies a lot.

Exercise 1, p. 228.

Checked sentences: 2, 3, 5

Exercise 2, p. 229.

2. a. The birthday cake was moist (adj) and delicious (adj).
b. The cake was moist (adj), sweet (adj), and delicious (adj).
3. a. The girls at the party danced (verb), talked (verb), and laughed (verb).
b. The girls at the party danced (verb) and talked (verb).
4. a. A clown made dogs (noun), cats (noun), horses (noun), and giraffes (noun) out of balloons for the children.
b. The clown was funny (adj), friendly (adj), and kind (adj).

Exercise 4, p. 230.

3. High-speed trains run between major cities. **They** are very comfortable.
4. Some interesting cities are Rome, Florence, Venice, Milan, and Naples.
5. Milan is in the north. **Naples** is in the south.
6. I asked a question in Italian. **The** tour guide answered in my language.
7. I asked a question in Italian, and the tour guide answered in my language.
8. The west coast is beautiful. **Many** villages have spectacular views of the sea.
9. You should also visit the east coast. **Venice** is a good place to start.

Exercise 6, p. 231.

4. or
5. , and
6. baseball, a basketball, and
7. or
8. , but
9. , but
10. but (There is no comma; see example (a) in Chart 8-2.)

Exercise 7, p. 231.

2. Laptops and portable DVD players are electronic devices, but flashlights aren't.
3. In the past, passengers couldn't use these electronic devices during takeoffs and landings. **They** could use them the rest of the flight.
4. Now passengers can use DVD players, electronic readers, and cell phones for the entire flight, but they need to be in airplane mode.
5. Passengers need to put their laptops away for takeoffs and landings. **They** are too big for passengers to hold safely during this time.

Exercise 8, p. 232.

1. b
2. a

Exercise 9, p. 232.

1. c. so
d. but
2. a. but
b. so
3. a. but
b. so
c. so

Exercise 10, p. 233.

1. Some tarantulas can go two and a half years without food. **When** they eat, they like grasshoppers, beetles, small spiders, and sometimes small lizards.
2. A female elephant is pregnant for approximately twenty months and almost always has only one baby. **A** young elephant stays close to its mother for the first ten years of its life.
3. Dolphins sleep with one eye open. **They** need to be conscious or awake in order to breathe. **If** they fall asleep when they are breathing, they will drown, so they sleep with half their brain awake and one eye open.

Exercise 11, p. 233.*Paying It Forward*

- (1) A few days ago, a friend and I were driving from Benton Harbor to Chicago. We didn't have any delays for the first hour, but we ran into some highway construction near Chicago. The traffic wasn't moving. My friend and I sat and waited. We talked about our jobs, our families, and the terrible traffic. Slowly it started to move.
- (2) We noticed a black sports car on the shoulder. Its blinker was on. The driver obviously wanted to get back into traffic. Car after car passed without letting him in. I decided to do a good deed, so I motioned for him to get in line ahead of me. He waved thanks, and I waved back at him.
- (3) All the cars had to stop at a toll booth a short way down the road. I held out my money to pay my toll, but the toll-taker just smiled and waved me on. She told me that the man in the black sports car had already paid my toll. Wasn't that a nice way of saying thank you?

Exercise 13, p. 234.**Part I**

3. isn't
4. aren't
5. didn't
6. hasn't
7. haven't
8. isn't
9. aren't
10. won't

Part II

3. is
4. are
5. did
6. has
7. have
8. is
9. are
10. will

Exercise 15, p. 235.

- | | |
|-----------|----------|
| 1. didn't | 5. could |
| 2. wasn't | 6. can't |
| 3. did | 7. don't |
| 4. didn't | 8. won't |

Exercise 16, p. 236.

- | | |
|------|------|
| 1. B | 3. C |
| 2. B | 4. C |

Exercise 17, p. 237.

1. b. so does James
2. a. Ivan doesn't either
b. neither does Ivan
3. a. Omar is too
b. so is Omar
4. a. James isn't either
b. neither is James
5. a. so does James OR so does Marco
b. James does too OR Marco does too

Exercise 18, p. 237.**Part I**

2. do
3. is
4. are
5. did
6. has
7. have
8. is
9. are
10. will

Part II

2. don't
3. isn't
4. aren't
5. didn't
6. has
7. have
8. is
9. are
10. will

Exercise 20, p. 239.

- | | |
|--------------------|---------------------|
| 1. So did I. | 1. So did I. |
| 2. So do I. | 2. Neither do I. |
| 3. So would I. | 3. So is ... |
| 4. Neither am I. | 4. Neither does ... |
| 5. Neither have I. | 5. Neither have I. |
| 6. So is ... | 6. So do ... |
| 7. Neither do ... | 7. So can ... |
| 8. So does ... | 8. So would I. |

Exercise 23, p. 241.*Logical completions: a, c***Exercise 24, p. 241.**

2. His car didn't start the other day because the battery was dead.
Because the battery was dead, his car didn't start the other day.
3. The Check Engine light is on because the car is leaking oil.
Because the car is leaking oil, the Check Engine light is on.
4. Because the heater isn't working, it's freezing inside.
It's freezing inside because the heater isn't working.
5. The windows are foggy because the defroster is broken.
Because the defroster is broken, the windows are foggy.

Exercise 25, p. 242.

2. Andrew thinks a wolf lives under his bed. Because he is so scared, his dad looks under his bed every night.
3. Kim believes a ghost lives in her bedroom closet. Because she thinks the ghost comes out at night, she sleeps with the closet door closed.
4. Lesley is afraid of spiders in her bed because she once saw a spider web over her bed. She checks under her covers every night. OR
Lesley is afraid of spiders in her bed. Because she once saw a spider web over her bed, she checks under her covers every night.

Exercise 26, p. 242.**Part I**

2. Clarita has trouble making decisions, so she calls her mom every day for advice.
3. Julia asks her employees for their opinions before she makes important decisions, so she is a popular manager.

Part II

5. Because Annika likes to think about the pros and cons of a problem, she doesn't make decisions quickly.
6. Because Jonathan thinks he knows everything, he never asks anyone for advice.

Exercise 27, p. 243.

2. Jim was hot and tired, so he sat in the shade.
3. Jim was hot, tired, and thirsty.
4. Because he was hot, Jim sat in the shade.
5. Because they were hot and thirsty, Jim and Susan sat in the shade and drank iced-tea.
6. (*no change*)
7. Jim sat in the shade, drank iced-tea, and fanned himself with his cap because he was hot, tired, and thirsty.
8. Because Jim was hot, he stayed under the shade of the tree, but Susan went back to work.

Exercise 28, p. 243.

Strange Allergies

Allergies make people sneeze, cough, itch, or turn red. Common causes of allergies are dust, flower pollen, animal fur, and nuts. There are other things that cause allergies, but they are not so well known. Dark chocolate can make some people sneeze. The metal in cell phones can cause some people's skin to turn red and itch. Cold weather and leather clothing can also cause redness and itching in some people.

Exercise 29, p. 244.

Sentences: 1, 3

Exercise 30, p. 244.

- | | |
|-------------|-----------------|
| 1. a. isn't | 2. a. didn't go |
| b. is | b. didn't go |
| c. is | c. went |

Exercise 31, p. 244.

- | | |
|----------------|----------------|
| 3. Even though | 6. Even though |
| 4. Because | 7. Even though |
| 5. Because | 8. Because |

Exercise 32, p. 245.

- | | |
|------|------|
| 2. b | 5. c |
| 3. c | 6. a |
| 4. a | 7. b |

Exercise 33, p. 246.

- | | |
|------|------|
| 1. c | 4. b |
| 2. b | 5. c |
| 3. a | 6. c |

Exercise 35, p. 247.

Part II

(Answers may vary.)

1. Students ... athletes
2. ... test, so they forget information
3. ... want to do well, but they choke
4. ... well, they begin to worry
5. ... down and identify their worries
6. ... well, they sometimes do poorly
7. ... well, they sometimes do poorly

Exercise 36, p. 248.

2. Gold, silver, and **copper** are metals.
3. The children crowded around the **teacher** because he was doing a magic trick.
4. I had a cup of coffee, and so **did** my friend.
5. My roommate didn't go, **and neither did I.** OR My roommate didn't go, **and I didn't either.**
6. Even **though** I was exhausted, I didn't stop working until after midnight.
7. Although I like **chocolate**, I can't eat it because I'm allergic to it.
8. I like to eat eggs for breakfast, and everybody else in my family **does** too. OR ... , and **so does** everybody else in my family.
9. A home improvement store sells **tools, paint, flooring, and appliances.**
10. Most insects have wings. **Spiders** do not. OR Most insects have wings, **but** spiders do not.

Pretest, p. 250.

1. I, better
2. I, more important than
3. C
4. C
5. One of the longest rivers in the world
6. I, ... drives faster than
7. C
8. I, is healthier ... OR is much / a lot / far healthier
9. C
10. C
11. C
12. C
13. I, the same as OR like

Exercise 1, p. 250.

1. Taka
2. Taka / Raj
3. Raj / Daniel

Exercise 3, p. 252.

2. more difficult than
3. easier than
4. more boring than
5. more dangerous than
6. colder than
7. prettier than
8. more relaxing than
9. funnier than
10. worse than
11. angrier than / more angry than
12. lazier than
13. quieter than / more quiet than
14. hotter than

Exercise 5, p. 253.

2. funnier
3. more dangerous
4. more confusing
5. darker
6. cleaner
7. prettier
8. wetter

Exercise 8, p. 254.

2. A ... C OR B ... C OR A ... B
3. A
4. C
5. A

Exercise 9, p. 255.

2. better, the best
3. lazier, the laziest
4. hotter, the hottest
5. neater, the neatest
6. later, the latest
7. sweet, the sweetest
8. more dangerous, the most dangerous
9. slower, the slowest

10. more common, the most common / commoner, the commonest
11. friendlier, the friendliest / more friendly, the most friendly
12. more careful, the most careful
13. worse, the worst
14. uglier, the ugliest

Exercise 11, p. 257.*Superlative forms:*

2. the easiest
3. the best
4. the worst
5. the happiest
6. the neatest
7. the most interesting
8. the busiest

Exercise 12, p. 257.*Questions:*

2. What is the most interesting sport to watch on TV?
3. What is the most crowded city you have ever visited?
4. Where is the best restaurant around here?
5. What is the most fun place to visit in this area?
6. Who is the kindest person you know?
7. What is the most important thing in life?
8. What is the most serious problem in the world?
9. Who is the most interesting person in the news right now?

Exercise 13, p. 257.

- | | |
|------------|-------------|
| 1. shorter | 5. older |
| 2. tallest | 6. funniest |
| 3. happy | 7. wise |
| 4. happier | 8. wisest |

Exercise 15, p. 258.

2. he is OR him
3. they are OR them
4. mine ... hers
5. theirs ... ours
6. we are OR us

Exercise 16, p. 259.

3. the smartest
4. the worst ... in
5. the best ... of
6. the kindest
7. the hottest ... (the) most uncomfortable ... in
8. the most exhausted of

Exercise 17, p. 259.

1. the best experiences
2. the nicest times
3. the most difficult courses
4. the worst mistakes
5. the most beautiful buildings
6. the easiest exams

Exercise 18, p. 260.

1. One of the most beautiful countries in the world is ...
2. One of the most famous people in the world is ...
3. One of the best movies I've seen is ...
4. One of the most interesting things I've done in my life is ...
5. One of the happiest days in my life was ...
6. One of the most interesting animals in the world is ...
7. One of the best experiences I've had is ...
8. One of the funniest people I know is ...

Exercise 20, p. 261.

2. longer ... narrower / more narrow ... wider
3. the longest
4. the biggest ... in
5. the highest ... of
6. faster ... the fastest
7. more quickly ... the most quickly
8. the most active ... in
9. the loudest ... in

Exercise 22, p. 262.

3. slowly
4. carefully
5. more carefully
6. earlier
7. the earliest
8. hard
9. harder
10. the hardest

Exercise 23, p. 263.

1. more carefully
2. careful
3. the most careful
4. more careful
5. the most carefully
6. quick
7. the most quickly
8. more quickly
9. quicker
10. the quickest

Exercise 24, p. 264.

2. b
3. b
4. a, b
5. a, b
6. b
7. a, b

Exercise 26, p. 265.

2. bigger and bigger
3. better and better
4. louder and louder
5. longer and longer
6. more and more discouraged
7. hotter and hotter
8. harder and harder ... wetter and wetter
9. more and more tired

Exercise 27, p. 265.

2. The closer ... the warmer
3. The sharper ... the easier
4. The noisier / The more noisy ... the angrier / the more angry
5. The longer ... the thirstier
7. The more he thought about his family, the more homesick he became.
8. The darker the sky grew, the faster we ran.

Exercise 29, p. 267.

2. a. An airplane is **very** fast.
b. Taking an airplane is **much / a lot / far** faster than driving.
3. a. Learning a second language is **very** difficult for many people.
b. Learning a second language is **much / a lot / far** more difficult than learning chemistry formulas.
4. a. You can live **much / a lot / far** more inexpensively in student housing than in a rented apartment.
b. You can live **very** inexpensively in student housing.

Exercise 30, p. 267.

Sentence a

Exercise 31, p. 267.**Part I**

- | | |
|------|------|
| 1. a | 3. a |
| 2. b | 4. a |

Part II

- | | |
|------|------|
| 5. b | 7. b |
| 6. a | 8. a |

Exercise 32, p. 268.

1. E
2. B
3. C

Exercise 33, p. 268.

2. not nearly as
3. just as
4. almost as / not quite as
5. not nearly as
6. just as
7. almost as / not quite as

Exercise 34, p. 269.*Sample answers:*

3. A lake isn't as large as an ocean.
4. Honey is as sweet as sugar.
5. Good health is as important as money.
6. A lime is as sour as a lemon.
7. The moon isn't as hot as the sun.
8. People aren't as good at climbing trees as monkeys.
9. Taking a shower isn't as relaxing as taking a bath.
10. A speck of sand isn't as tiny as a speck of dust.
11. Reading a book isn't as entertaining as watching a movie.
12. Computer science is as difficult as physics.

Exercise 36, p. 270.

- | | |
|--------------|--------------|
| 2. an ox | 7. a cat |
| 3. a bird | 8. a feather |
| 4. a mule | 9. a kite |
| 5. a rock | 10. a hornet |
| 6. the hills | |

Exercise 37, p. 271.

- | | | |
|------|------|------|
| 1. a | 4. b | 7. b |
| 2. a | 5. b | 8. b |
| 3. b | 6. b | 9. a |

Exercise 39, p. 272.

- | | | |
|---------|---------|---------|
| 1. b | 3. b | 5. a, b |
| 2. a, b | 4. a, b | 6. b |

Exercise 41, p. 273.

- | | | |
|---------|---------|---------|
| 1. a. F | 3. a. F | 5. a. T |
| b. T | b. T | b. T |
| 2. a. T | 4. a. F | c. F |
| b. F | b. F | d. T |
| | c. T | |

Exercise 43, p. 274.

- | | |
|-----------------|----------------|
| 2. more cheaply | 8. pollution |
| 3. cheaper | 9. cleaner |
| 4. cheap | 10. more noise |
| 5. more traffic | 11. noisier |
| 6. safely | 12. noisy |
| 7. safer | |

Exercise 45, p. 275.

- A: 4
B: 320
C: 381
D: 5
E: 381

(Answers for items 3 and 6 may vary.)

- | | |
|------------|------------|
| 1. C ... E | 6. A ... B |
| 2. A ... D | 7. C ... E |
| 3. A ... B | 8. A ... D |
| 4. C ... E | 9. A ... D |
| 5. A ... D | |

Exercise 46, p. 276.

- b. as
c. from
d. Ø ... Ø
- a. as
b. Ø ... Ø
c. to
d. from

Exercise 47, p. 277.

(Answers may vary.)

- similar to / like / different from
- similar / alike / different
- the same
- different from
- the same as
- the same as

Exercise 48, p. 277.

- | | |
|------------------------|-------------------|
| <i>Gold vs. Silver</i> | <i>Two Zebras</i> |
| 1. to | 1. like |
| 2. the | 2. the |
| 3. the | 3. as |
| 4. as | 4. alike |
| 5. from | 5. to |
| 6. more | 6. from |
| 7. than | |

Exercise 49, p. 278.

(The most common answers are given, but other answers are possible.)

- different from
- the same
- the same ... as
- like
- the same
- the same ... as
- alike ... alike
- like

Exercise 50, p. 278.

- Alaska is **the** largest state in the United States.
- A pillow is **softer than** a rock.
- Who is **the** most generous person in your family?
- The harder you work, **the more successful** you will be.
- One of **the** biggest disappointments in my life was when my soccer team lost the championship.
- My sister is **much / a lot / far more talkative** than I am.
- A firm mattress is **more comfortable** for many people than a soft mattress.
- One of the most talkative students in the class is Frederick.
- Professor Bennett's lectures were the **most confusing** I have ever heard.

Exercise 51, p. 280.**Part II**

- | | |
|------|------|
| 1. T | 4. T |
| 2. F | 5. F |
| 3. F | |

Exercise 52, p. 280.**Part II**

My Father and I

I am different from my father in several ways. He is more hard-working than I am. He is a construction worker and has to be at work at 6:00 A.M. He often doesn't get home until late in the evening. I'm a student, and I don't work as hard. I have much more free time, especially in the mornings and evenings. Another difference is that I am funnier than he is. I like to tell jokes and make people laugh. He is more serious, but he laughs at my jokes. My father was an athlete when he was my age, and he played a lot of team sports. Also, he is very competitive. I am not as competitive, and I don't like playing team sports. However, we like to watch them together on TV. My father and I are different from each other, but we like to spend time with each other. Our differences make our time together interesting.

CHAPTER 10 The Passive

Pretest, p. 282.

1. I, **are** written
2. C
3. I, The bus driver **died** ...
4. I, **What happened?**
5. C
6. C
7. C
8. I, ... is composed **of** oxygen ...
9. I, ... was so **boring**.
10. C
11. I, ... not accustomed to **living** ...
12. C
13. I, You **are** supposed to be ...

Exercise 1, p. 282.

1. b
2. a, b
3. a, b

Exercise 2, p. 284.

3. Ø ... Ø
4. were ... cleaned ... P
5. Ø ... Ø
6. Ø ... Ø
7. are ... done ... P
8. Ø ... Ø
9. will be ... needed ... P

Exercise 3, p. 284.

2. are fixed ... plumbers
3. are flown ... pilots
4. are fought ... firefighters
5. are treated ... vets or veterinarians
6. are written ... authors
7. are built ... construction workers
8. are filled ... pharmacists

Exercise 4, p. 284.

1. c. We are
2. a. He was
b. They were
3. a. She has been
b. Joe has been
4. a. I will be
b. We are going to be

Exercise 5, p. 285.

2. are edited
3. have been changed
4. is going to be uploaded
5. will be deleted
6. was fixed

Exercise 6, p. 285.

1. is going to be offered
2. was taken

3. are paid
4. has been designed
5. will be won

Exercise 7, p. 286.

2. a, c
3. b, d
4. b, c
5. a, b
6. a, b, c, d

Exercise 8, p. 286.

2. a. The party was planned by Ana
b. Was the party planned by Ari too
3. a. Food will be ordered by Greta
b. Will food be ordered by Pat too
4. a. The card is going to be signed by Jill
b. Is it going to be signed by Ryan
5. a. Decorations have been made by Joni
b. Have decorations been made by Kazu

Exercise 9, p. 287.

1. a, b
2. b
3. b, c
4. a, b
5. a

Exercise 10, p. 287.

Checked sentences: 1, 3, 4

Exercise 11, p. 288.

1. a. We are being
b. She is being
c. I am being
d. They are being
2. a. I was being
b. He was being
c. We were being
d. I was being OR We were being

Exercise 12, p. 288.

2. A producer is choosing music.
3. A manager is writing subtitles.
4. The director is editing the film.
5. An assistant was adding photos.

Exercise 13, p. 288.

2. are ... ed
3. are being ... ed
4. are going to be ... ed
5. are being ... ed
6. have been ... ed
7. was ... ed
8. was

Exercise 14, p. 289.

- Are hair dryers provided by the hotel?
- Were extra towels brought by housekeeping?
- Has our meal been brought by room service?
- Is our luggage being brought to our room by the bellhop?
- Is the air-conditioning going to be fixed by maintenance?
- Will our room be upgraded by the front desk?

Exercise 15, p. 289.*Checked sentences and objects:*

- a tree
- the pilot

Exercise 16, p. 290.*Checked sentences and objects:*

- a. his car
b. a truck
- him
- a tree

Exercise 17, p. 291.*Underlined verbs:*

- fell, v.i.
- slept, v.i.
- felt, v.t. *Passive:* An earthquake was felt by many people yesterday.
- existed, v.i.
- agree, v.i.
- die, v.i.
- discover, v.t. *Passive:* A cure for cancer will be discovered by scientists someday. (*Someday* can also go at the beginning of the sentence or after *discovered*.)
- invent, v.t. *Passive:* Was spaghetti invented by the Italians?

Exercise 20, p. 292.

- a
- b
- a
- b
- a

Exercise 21, p. 293.

- Is rice grown in Africa?
- Portuguese is spoken in Brazil.
- French is spoken by Canadians.
- Where is Spanish spoken?
- Online products are sold by Alibaba® and Amazon®.
- Junk food is eaten in every country.

Exercise 22, p. 293.

- b. The dough was made by the owner yesterday.
c. The dough will be made/is going to be made by the owner tomorrow.
- a. The owner makes the dough every week.
b. The owner made the dough last week.
- a. The sauce is being prepared by his wife right now.
b. The sauce is prepared by his wife every day.
c. The sauce will be prepared/is going to be prepared by his wife tomorrow.

- a. His wife prepares the sauce in the mornings.
b. His wife prepared the sauce a few minutes ago.
- a. The dough is being thrown up in the air now.
b. The dough will be thrown/is going to be thrown up in the air in a few minutes.
- a. Pizzas are being baked in a pizza oven now.
b. Pizzas were being baked in a pizza oven all day long yesterday.
c. Pizzas have been baked in a pizza oven recently.

*(Note: The simple past is also OK for b. and c.: Pizzas were baked ...)***Exercise 23, p. 294.**

- The driver was asked to get out of the car by the police.
- The driver took out his license.
- The driver gave his license to the police officer.
- The license was checked.
- The driver was given a ticket.
- The driver was told to drive more carefully.

Exercise 24, p. 294.

- | | |
|-------------|-------------------|
| 1. happened | 6. was taken |
| 2. was hit | 7. treated |
| 3. Was | 8. happened |
| 4. injured | 9. was arrested |
| 5. called | 10. wasn't killed |

Exercise 25, p. 294.

- was canceled
- belongs
- is delivered
- is not pronounced
- happened
- arrived ... was met
- heard ... was not surprised ... was shocked
- will be built / is going to be built
- sent ... was sent
- was kicked ... attended
- agree ... prefer
- was your bike stolen
- A: Have you paid
B: will be shut off / is going to be shut off

Exercise 26, p. 295.

- F
- T
- T
- F
- T

Exercise 27, p. 296.

- may be requested
- cannot be avoided
- has to be paid
- can be reached
- should be issued
- may be paid
- could be stolen
- must be saved

Exercise 28, p. 297.

1. were created
2. were invented
3. traveled
4. arrived
5. asked
6. designed
7. liked
8. changed
9. was called
10. were given
11. was formed
12. was added
13. could be identified
14. are known

Exercise 30, p. 299.

- | | |
|---------|------------|
| 2. a, c | 5. b |
| 3. b, c | 6. a, b, c |
| 4. a, c | 7. a, c |

Exercise 31, p. 299.

Part I

- | | |
|----------|----------|
| 1. about | 7. about |
| 2. of | 8. with |
| 3. of | 9. in |
| 4. of | 10. in |
| 5. from | 11. with |
| 6. of | 12. for |

Exercise 32, p. 300.

2. is interested
3. am ... finished
4. am satisfied
5. is married
6. are opposed
7. Are ... prepared
8. is composed

Exercise 33, p. 300.

- | | |
|---------|----------|
| 1. with | 5. with |
| 2. for | 6. to |
| 3. to | 7. with |
| 4. to | 8. about |

Exercise 34, p. 300.

1. with
2. about
3. for
4. in / with
5. with / by
6. of
7. to
8. to

Exercise 35, p. 301.

2. is made of
3. is crowded
4. is located in
5. am exhausted

6. are disappointed
7. is spoiled
8. is composed of
9. am ... qualified for
10. am ... acquainted with

Exercise 36, p. 301.

1. is spoiled
2. was closed
3. is located in
4. scared of
5. Are ... hurt
6. am lost
7. Are ... related to
8. gone
9. are broken
10. Are ... shut

Exercise 37, p. 302.

1. A
2. No picture matches.
3. No picture matches.
4. B

Exercise 38, p. 303.

- | | |
|-------------------|-------------------|
| 1. younger woman | 4. roller coaster |
| 2. roller coaster | 5. roller coaster |
| 3. older woman | 6. older woman |

Exercise 39, p. 303.

- | | |
|-------------------|------------------|
| 2. a. excited | 4. a. depressed |
| b. exciting | b. depressing |
| 3. a. fascinating | 5. a. interested |
| b. fascinated | b. interesting |

Exercise 40, p. 304.

1. boring
2. shocked
3. confusing
4. embarrassed
5. surprise
6. scary

Exercise 41, p. 304.

1. embarrassed
2. embarrassing
3. embarrassing
4. surprised
5. surprised
6. interested
7. interesting
8. amusing
9. amused

Exercise 43, p. 305.

- | | |
|------------|------------|
| 2. busy | 7. rich |
| 3. lost | 8. serious |
| 4. dirty | 9. bald |
| 5. nervous | 10. hurt |
| 6. late | |

Exercise 45, p. 306.*Sample answers:*

- | | |
|----------|------------|
| 1. cold | 4. bald |
| 2. hot | 5. thirsty |
| 3. tired | 6. sick |

Exercise 46, p. 306.

1. T
2. F
3. T

Exercise 47, p. 307.

- | | |
|--------------------|-------------------|
| 2. get well | 9. got killed |
| 3. get married | 10. getting cold |
| 4. gets hungry | 11. got lost |
| 5. gets dark | 12. get crowded |
| 6. get dry | 13. get ... angry |
| 7. getting tired | 14. get involved |
| 8. getting worried | 15. got dressed |

Exercise 49, p. 308.

2. is used to
3. am not used to ... am used to
5. am accustomed to ... am not accustomed to
6. are accustomed to

Exercise 54, p. 311.

- | | |
|---------|----------|
| 2. a. Ø | 4. a. is |
| b. am | b. Ø |
| 3. a. Ø | 5. a. Ø |
| b. are | b. Ø |

Exercise 55, p. 311.

3. used to eat
4. is used to growing
5. is used to eating
6. used to have
7. am used to taking
8. used to go

Exercise 57, p. 312.

2. The weather is supposed to be cold tomorrow.
3. The plane is supposed to arrive at 6:00.
4. I am supposed to work late tonight.
5. The mail was supposed to come an hour ago, but it didn't.

Exercise 59, p. 313.

2. Something **happened**.
3. This pen **belongs** to me.
4. I'm interested **in** that subject.
5. He is **married to** my cousin.
6. Mary's dog **died** last week.
7. Were you surprised **when** you heard the news?
8. When I went downtown, I **got** lost.
9. The bus **arrived** ten minutes late.
10. We're not supposed to have pets in our apartment.

Exercise 60, p. 313.*My Favorite Holiday*

New Year's is the most important holiday of the year in my country. New Year's is celebrated for fifteen days, but my favorite day is the first day.

The celebration actually begins at midnight. Fireworks are set off, and the streets are filled with people. Neighbors and friends greet each other and wish one another good luck for the year. The next morning, gifts are exchanged. Children are given money. It is wrapped in red envelopes because red is the color for good luck. When I was younger, the red envelopes were always my favorite part of the holiday.

On New Year's Day, everyone wears new clothes. These clothes are bought especially for the holiday. People are very polite to each other. It is considered wrong to yell, lie, or use bad language on the first day of the year. It is a custom for younger generations to visit their elders. They wish them good health and a long life.

Count / Noncount Nouns and Articles

Pretest, p. 315.

- I, **an** old house
- C
- I, Would you like rice? or Would you like some rice?
- C
- I, I need to buy **some** toothpaste.
- C
- C
- I, **a** carton of eggs
- C
- C
- C
- C

Exercise 2, p. 316.

- | | |
|--------|--------|
| 2. an | 11. a |
| 3. a | 12. an |
| 4. an | 13. an |
| 5. an | 14. a |
| 6. a | 15. a |
| 7. a | 16. a |
| 8. an | 17. an |
| 9. an | 18. an |
| 10. an | |

Exercise 3, p. 316.

- | | |
|-------|--------|
| 1. an | 7. a |
| 2. a | 8. an |
| 3. an | 9. a |
| 4. a | 10. a |
| 5. a | 11. an |
| 6. a | 12. a |

Exercise 4, p. 317.

- | | |
|------|---------|
| 1. a | 3. b |
| 2. a | 4. a, b |

Exercise 5, p. 317.

- Correct.
- some furniture OR four chairs
- Correct.
- some furniture OR a chair
- some chairs
- some furniture

Exercise 6, p. 318.

Advice: ideas, suggestions, tips
 Mail: bills, letters, postcards
 Jewelry: bracelets, necklaces, rings

Exercise 7, p. 319.

- | | |
|-------------------|-------------------|
| 3. a, count | 7. some, noncount |
| 4. some, noncount | 8. an, count |
| 5. a, count | 9. some, noncount |
| 6. some, noncount | 10. a, count |

Exercise 8, p. 319.

- | | |
|------------|--------|
| 3. Ø | 10. Ø |
| 4. s ... s | 11. Ø |
| 5. Ø | 12. s |
| 6. s | 13. es |
| 7. s | 14. Ø |
| 8. Ø | 15. s |
| 9. s | 16. Ø |

Exercise 10, p. 320.

- | | |
|-------------------|------------|
| 3. Ø | 8. s ... s |
| 4. es | 9. Ø |
| 5. Ø | 10. s |
| 6. Ø is ... s are | 11. Ø |
| 7. Ø | 12. Ø |

Exercise 11, p. 321.

- | | |
|------|-------|
| 1. Ø | 6. s |
| 2. Ø | 7. Ø |
| 3. s | 8. Ø |
| 4. Ø | 9. Ø |
| 5. Ø | 10. Ø |

Exercise 15, p. 322.

- | | |
|-------------------|-----------|
| 1. apples | 4. fruit |
| 2. apples / fruit | 5. apples |
| 3. apples | 6. fruit |

Exercise 16, p. 323.

- Correct.
- Correct.
- Correct.
- too **many** new words
- a few **words** / a **little** vocabulary
- Correct.
- several new **words**
- are a lot** of new words
- is** a lot of new vocabulary

Exercise 17, p. 323.

- many cars
 - much stuff
 - much experience
- much fruit
 - many vegetables
 - many bananas
 - many tomatoes
 - many oranges
 - much food
- much fun
 - much help
 - much time
 - much information
 - many facts
 - much money

Exercise 19, p. 324.

3. a little help
4. a little pepper
5. a few things
6. a few apples
7. a little fruit
8. a little advice
9. a little ... money
10. A few friends
11. a little rain
12. a little French
13. a few ... hours

Exercise 20, p. 325.

1. C
2. A
3. B

Exercise 21, p. 326.

- | | |
|------|------|
| 1. C | 4. E |
| 2. D | 5. B |
| 3. F | 6. A |

Exercise 22, p. 326.

2. a. papers
b. paper
c. a ... paper
3. a. work
b. work
4. a. hair ... hair
b. hairs
5. a. glasses
b. glasses
c. glass
6. a. Iron is
b. Irons are
7. a. experiences
b. experience
8. a. some ... chicken
b. chickens
9. a. are ... lights
b. A: light ... isn't
B: It

Exercise 25, p. 329.*(Answers may vary.)*

- | | |
|-----------------------|--------------------|
| 3. bottle / can | 8. carton / bottle |
| 4. jar | 9. can / bottle |
| 5. can | 10. bag |
| 6. can / box / carton | 11. can / bag |
| 7. bag / box | 12. box / bag |

Exercise 27, p. 329.

1. A
2. A
3. B

Exercise 28, p. 330.

1. specific
2. non-specific
3. non-specific
4. specific
5. non-specific
6. specific

Exercise 29, p. 331.

1. the ... a
2. the ... Ø
3. A ... The
4. a ... the
5. the ... Ø
6. Ø ... the

Exercise 30, p. 331.

3. A: a
B: a
4. A: a
B: a
5. the
6. a
7. A: the
B: a

Exercise 31, p. 332.

- | | |
|--------|-------|
| 1. a | 6. an |
| 2. Ø | 7. Ø |
| 3. a | 8. a |
| 4. the | 9. Ø |
| 5. a | 10. Ø |

Exercise 32, p. 332.

The speaker and listener are talking about the same specific thing.

Exercise 33, p. 333.

1. the
2. the
3. the
4. the
5. the
6. the

Exercise 34, p. 334.

- | | |
|------|------|
| 1. a | 4. a |
| 2. b | 5. b |
| 3. b | 6. a |

Exercise 35, p. 334.

2. Ø ... Ø ... the ... the
3. a ... a ... the ... the
4. B: a ... a ...
B: The ... the

Exercise 36, p. 335.

- | | |
|--------|--------|
| 1. Ø | 6. Ø |
| 2. a | 7. the |
| 3. Ø | 8. a |
| 4. The | 9. The |
| 5. the | |

Exercise 37, p. 335.

1. an ... The ... Ø ... the
2. a ... The
3. a
4. Ø
5. An ... an
6. a ... Ø ... Ø

Exercise 38, p. 335.

- | | |
|----------------|---------------------|
| 2. Ø | 9. The |
| 3. the ... The | 10. the ... the |
| 4. a ... the | 11. a |
| 5. the | 12. The ... the ... |
| 6. the | the ... the |
| 7. Ø ... Ø | 13. the ... The |
| 8. Ø | 14. Ø ... the |

Exercise 39, p. 336.

- | | |
|--------|--------|
| 1. a | 6. Ø |
| 2. an | 7. The |
| 3. The | 8. Ø |
| 4. Ø | 9. the |
| 5. Ø | |

Exercise 40

- | | |
|--------|--------|
| 3. Ø | 7. the |
| 4. the | 8. Ø |
| 5. the | 9. Ø |
| 6. Ø | |

Exercise 45, p. 340.

- Do you know **Richard Smith**? He is a professor at this university.
 - I know that **Professor Smith** teaches at the **University of Arizona**.
- I'm taking a history course this semester.
 - I'm taking **Modern European History 101** this semester.
- The **Amazon** is a river in **South America**.
 - The **Mississippi River** flows south.
- Canada is in **North America**.
 - Canada is north of the **United States**.
- I find **English grammar** a little confusing.
 - English Grammar 099** is a difficult class.
 - The title of this book is *Fundamentals of English Grammar*.

Exercise 46, p. 340.

- C
- I John is a **Catholic**. **Ali** is a **Muslim**.
- C
- I Venezuela is a **Spanish-speaking** country.
- C
- C
- I On **Valentine's Day** (February 14th), sweethearts give each other presents.
- I I read a book called *The Cat and the Mouse in My Aunt's House*.
- C

Exercise 47, p. 340.

- Our teacher gave us a lot of new **vocabulary** to study.
- Would you like to have a **little** chicken and rice for lunch?
- The school advisor had many suggestions for the student.
- There is **an** urgent message for you to call the doctor.
- My **Algebra 101** course is **fairly easy**.
- There were many interesting ideas and strong opinions at the meeting.
- My **father** and I share the same **birthday**.
- What time did you feed **the** cats?
- We're not going to order lunch. We just want coffee. Could we have two **coffees**, please?
- Many students have trouble **with slang** when they **learn English**.

Exercise 48, p. 341.

Jane Goodall

- Do you recognize the name **Jane Goodall**? Perhaps you know her for her studies of chimpanzees. She became very famous from her work in **Tanzania**.
- Jane Goodall** was born in **England**, and as a child, was fascinated by animals. Her favorite books were *The Jungle Book*, by **Rudyard Kipling**, and books about **Tarzan**, a fictional character who was raised by apes.
- Her childhood dream was to go to **Africa**. After high school, she worked as a secretary and a waitress to earn enough money to go there. During that time, she took evening courses in journalism and **English literature**. She saved every penny until she had enough money for a trip to **Africa**.
- In the spring of 1957, she sailed through the **Red Sea** and southward down the **African coast** to **Mombasa** in **Kenya**. Her uncle had arranged a job for her in **Nairobi** with a **British** company. When she was there, she met **Dr. Louis Leakey**, a famous anthropologist. Under his guidance, she began her lifelong study of chimpanzees on the eastern shore of **Lake Tanganyika**.
- Jane Goodall** lived alone in a tent near the lake. Through months and years of patience, she won the trust of the chimps and was able to watch them closely. Her observations changed forever how we view chimpanzees — and all other animals we share the world with.

Exercise 49, p. 342.**Part II**

- | | |
|------|------|
| 1. b | 5. a |
| 2. a | 6. b |
| 3. a | 7. b |
| 4. b | 8. a |

Pretest, p. 344.

1. I, I have a teacher who is patient with students.
(Answers may vary.)
2. I, The neighbor **who** started her own ...
3. C
4. C
5. C
6. I, ... the woman who **is** ... OR ... the **women** who are ...
7. C
8. I, The host family Erik is living **with** is ... OR ... family **with whom** Erik is living is ...
9. C

Exercise 2, p. 345.

Checked sentences: 1, 2, 5, 7

Exercise 3, p. 346.

1. A surgeon
2. A dermatologist
3. An orthopedist
4. A pediatrician

Exercise 4, p. 347.

2. who answered the call
 - a. The firefighter answered the call
 - b. The firefighter broke a car window and rescued the injured person
3. who collapsed at work
 - a. The EMT restarted the heart of the man
 - b. The man collapsed at work
4. who rescued the two swimmers
 - a. The lifeguard rescued the two swimmers
 - b. The lifeguard had only been a lifeguard for one day
5. who disappeared on a walk in the mountains
 - a. The dog found the child
 - b. The child disappeared on a walk in the mountains

Exercise 5, p. 347.

1. a, b
2. b, c, d

Exercise 6, p. 348.

2. The manager that hired me has less experience than I do.
3. I like the supervisor that works in the office next to mine.
4. My boss is a person who wakes up every morning with a positive attitude.
5. It's nice to work with people who have a positive attitude.

Exercise 7, p. 348.

2. The manager who / that took us to our table was very friendly.
3. The server who / that took our order didn't write anything down.
4. The chef who / that makes the pasta has won awards.

5. My friends who / that run the restaurant want to open another.
6. I recognized a woman who / that was in my high school class.

Exercise 9, p. 349.

2. The swimmer who / that had the fastest time was my cousin.
3. The man who / that coached the visiting team was my teacher in high school.
4. The parents who / that yelled at the swimmers were asked to leave.
5. I like to sit next to fans who / that cheer the swimmers.

Exercise 11, p. 350.**Part I**

Checked sentences: 1, 3, 5

Part II

2. who, whom
3. who
4. who
5. who
6. who, whom

Exercise 12, p. 350.

1. a, c
2. a, b, c, d
3. a, c
4. a, b, c, d

Exercise 13, p. 351.

2. object pronoun: him; A man that / whom I hadn't met before asked me for my phone number.
3. object pronoun: her; A woman that / whom the flight attendant helped had twin babies.
4. object pronoun: him; A man that / whom security stopped tried to board early.
5. object pronoun: him; A man that / whom I didn't know gave me his window seat.

Exercise 14, p. 351.

1. The man who / that was working at the information desk was helpful.
2. The man who / that / Ø / whom I walked up to ...
3. The man who / that / Ø / whom I called ...
4. The man who / that / Ø / whom you recommended ...
5. The man who / that is the owner ...
6. The man who / that / Ø / whom you invited to the party ...
7. The man who / that gave us a tour of the city ...
8. The man who / that / Ø / whom I talked to at the train station ...
9. The man who / that sold us our museum tickets ...
10. The man who / that gave me directions ...

Exercise 15, p. 351.

1. a. that, who
b. that, Ø, who, whom
2. a. that, Ø, who, whom
b. that, who
3. a. that, who
b. that, Ø, who, whom

Exercise 17, p. 353.

- I left the scarf that I borrowed from my roommate on the train.
- I turned in a cell phone that I found on my seat.
- Some people post photos on social media of things that they find.
- Lost items which are not claimed after 30 days are given to charity.

Exercise 18, p. 354.

- I bought a computer that / which doesn't connect to the internet.
- The clothes Ø / that / which I ordered online never came.
- The bus that / which goes downtown is usually late.
- I have a class that / which has hours and hours of homework.
- The soup Ø / that / which I bought for lunch was too salty.

Exercise 19, p. 354.

- that
- that
- who, that
- that
- who, that

Exercise 20, p. 355.

- ... books I bought **them** at the bookstore
- ... cafeteria served it yesterday
- ... teacher I would like to have **him**
- ... the TV that we bought it for our room
- ... player you see **her** on your way
- ... café that it serves
- ... coffee that the café serves it is

Exercise 22, p. 355.

- (no change)
- The question **that** you asked ...
- (no change)
- The agent **who** my brother contacted ...
- ... the information **that** you need
- The receptionist **who** I spoke with ...

Exercise 23, p. 356.

- who
- Ø
- that
- which
- that
- Ø
- that
- whom

Exercise 24, p. 356.

- The** student who / that raised her hand in class asked the teacher a question.
The student who / that sat quietly in his seat didn't.
- The** girl who / that won the bike race is happy.
The girl who / that lost the bike race isn't happy.
- The** food that / which / Ø we ate at a restaurant was expensive.
The food that / which / Ø we ate from our garden was inexpensive.

- The** man who / that was listening to the radio heard the special report about the earthquake in China.
The man who / that was sleeping didn't (hear it).
- The** person who / that bought a large car probably spent more money than the other (than the person who bought a small car).

Exercise 25, p. 357.

- b. A comedian is someone who / that tells jokes.
- f. An obstetrician is a doctor who / that delivers babies.
- h. Plastic is a chemical material that can be shaped and hardened to form many useful things.
- e. An architect is someone who / that designs buildings.
- i. A puzzle is a problem that can be difficult to solve.
- j. A carnivore is an animal that eats meat.
- c. Steam is a gas that forms when water boils.
- k. A turtle is an animal that has a hard shell and can live in water or on land.
- a. A hermit is a person who / that leaves society and lives completely alone.
- d. A pyramid is a structure that is square at the bottom and has four sides that come together in a point at the top.

Exercise 26, p. 358.

The verb in the adjective clause (in green) agrees with the noun (*friend* or *friends*) that precedes it.

Exercise 27, p. 358.

- b. tools ... are
- a. student ... wants
b. people ... live
- a. cousin ... climbs
b. People ... repair
- a. athlete ... plays
b. athletes ... play
- a. books ... tell
b. book ... tells
- a. teens ... were
b. woman ... was

Exercise 29, p. 359.

- The man that / Ø / who / whom I told you about is over there.
The man **about whom I told you** is over there.
- The woman that / Ø / who / whom I work for pays me a fair salary.
The woman **for whom I work** pays me a fair salary.
- Alicia likes the family that / Ø / who / whom she is living **with**.
Alicia likes the family **with whom she is living**.
- The job that / Ø / which you are applying for has 30 applicants.
The job **for which you are applying** has 30 applicants.
- I enjoyed the music that / Ø / which we listened to in the car.
I enjoyed the music **to which we listened in the car**.
- The class that / Ø / which the students want to sign up for is closed.
The class **for which the students want to sign up** is closed.

9. The apple tree **that we planted last year** is producing fruit.
10. Before I came here, I didn't have the opportunity to speak to people **whose native** language is English.
11. One thing I need to get **is** a new hair dryer.
12. The people who **were** waiting to buy tickets for the **game were** happy because their team had made it to the championship.

Exercise 45, p. 368.

My Friend's Vegan Diet

I have a friend who is a vegan. As you may know, a vegan is a person who eats no animal products. When I first met him, I didn't understand the vegan diet. I thought *vegan* was another name for *vegetarian*, except that vegans didn't eat eggs.

I soon found out I was wrong. The first time I cooked dinner for him, I made a vegetable dish which had a lot of cheese. Since cheese comes from cows, it's not vegan, so he had to scrape it off. I also served him bread that had milk in it and a dessert that was made with ice cream. Unfortunately, there wasn't much that he could eat that night. In the beginning, I had trouble thinking of meals which we could both enjoy. But he is a wonderful cook and showed me how to create tasty vegan meals. I don't know if I'll ever become a complete vegan, but I've learned a lot about the vegan diet and its delicious possibilities.

Pretest, p. 369.

- | | |
|---------|---------|
| 1. b | 6. c |
| 2. c | 7. a |
| 3. b | 8. c |
| 4. a, b | 9. a, b |
| 5. a | 10. b |

Exercise 2, p. 370.

- a. working
b. closing
c. hiring
- a. smoking
b. eating
c. sleeping
- a. paying
b. handing in
c. cleaning

Exercise 3, p. 371.

- | | |
|-------------|-------------|
| 1. taking | 5. getting |
| 2. moving | 6. working |
| 3. studying | 7. driving |
| 4. finding | 8. studying |

Exercise 4, p. 371.

- talked about seeing
- finish doing
- Would you mind explaining
- thinking about not attending
- Keep trying

Exercise 6, p. 372.*Sample questions:*

- Have you ever gone skydiving?
- Do you go bowling with friends?
- Do you go dancing on weekends?
- Do you go jogging for exercise?
- Have you gone fishing in the winter?
- Have you ever gone snow skiing?
- Do you go camping in the snow?

Exercise 9, p. 374.

- | | |
|----------------------|---------------------------|
| 2. to be | 9. to lend |
| 3. to visit | 10. to eat |
| 4. to get to | 11. to get to |
| 5. to want | 12. to go to ... to watch |
| 6. to be | 13. to see |
| 7. to be ... to hear | 14. to hurt |
| 8. to buy | 15. to tell |

Exercise 11, p. 375.*Checked sentences:* 1, 2**Exercise 12, 376.**

- | | |
|---------|---------|
| 2. b, c | 6. c |
| 3. b, c | 7. b, c |
| 4. c | 8. b, c |
| 5. b, c | |

Exercise 14, p. 377.

- to understand
- listening
- to get ... to stop
- repeating
- to nod / nodding
- to look / looking
- speaking

Exercise 15, p. 377.

- having
- to be
- to eat ... cooking
- getting
- to pay
- to wake up / waking up
- setting
- to clean
- to share / sharing
- to find
- to want to raise ... mentioning

Exercise 16, p. 378.

- | | |
|------------------|-------------------|
| 1. to go / going | 11. to go |
| 2. to go / going | 12. going |
| 3. to go | 13. to go |
| 4. to go | 14. to go / going |
| 5. to go | 15. going |
| 6. to go | 16. going |
| 7. to go / going | 17. to go |
| 8. to go | 18. going |
| 9. going | 19. going |
| 10. going | 20. to go |

Exercise 17, p. 378.

- to relax
- to stay ... relax
- to stay ... relax ... binge-watch
- getting ... watching
- getting ... watching ... sitting
- trading in ... buying
- to move ... find ... start
- to go ... let
- quitting ... beginning
- leaving ... turning off ... locking

Exercise 18, p. 379.*Verbs only:*

- plan to go
- consider going
- offer to help
- like to visit / visiting
- enjoy reading
- intend to get
- can't afford to buy
- seem to be
- put off writing
- would like to go swimming
- postpone going

12. finish studying
13. would mind helping
14. begin to study / studying
15. think about going
16. quit trying
17. continue to walk / walking
18. learn to speak
19. talk about going
20. keep trying

Exercise 20, p. 380.

1. a. like
b. about / of
c. of
d. about
e. of
f. on
g. on
2. a. about
b. at
c. in
d. to
e. on
f. for
g. about

Exercise 21, p. 381.

Prepositions + verbs:

2. for holding
3. about being
4. in going
5. for being
6. of flying
7. about taking
8. about seeing
9. on paying
10. about / of becoming
11. like eating
12. for not getting
13. of living
14. in being
15. on meeting
16. for cleaning
17. from entering
18. at cutting

Exercise 23, p. 382.

1. don't like traveling
2. hate flying
3. loves to travel
4. decided to spend
5. planning to see
6. would like to go sailing
7. began talking
8. excited about seeing

Exercise 24, p. 382.

2. in telling
3. of drowning
4. to taking
5. like telling
6. on paying
7. at remembering

8. from doing
9. for taking
10. of not having
11. to having
12. about / of quitting ... of leaving

Exercise 26, p. 384.

1. a, b, d, e
2. b, c, d
3. a, c, d
4. a, b, c, e, f, g

Exercise 27, p. 384.

- | | |
|----------------|---------------------------|
| 2. by washing | 7. by guessing |
| 3. by watching | 8. by waving |
| 4. by smiling | 9. by wagging |
| 5. by eating | 10. by staying ... taking |
| 6. by drinking | |

Exercise 28, p. 385.

Part I

1. a pair of scissors
2. a thermometer
3. a needle and thread
4. a broom
5. a spoon
6. a hammer
7. a shovel
8. a saw

Part II

Partner A:

1. ... with a broom
2. ... with a needle and thread
3. ... with a saw
4. ... with a thermometer

Partner B:

1. ... with a spoon
2. ... with a shovel
3. ... with a hammer
4. ... with a pair of scissors

Exercise 29, p. 386.

3. with
4. by
5. with
6. with
7. by
8. by
9. with
10. by

Exercise 31, p. 387.

2. Making friends here takes time.
3. Getting around town is easy.
4. Is living here expensive?
6. It's dangerous to walk alone at night.
7. It's fun to explore this town.
8. Is it difficult to find affordable housing?

Exercise 34, p. 388.

2. for teachers to speak clearly
3. for us to hurry
4. for me to visit my sister this weekend
5. for working parents to budget their time carefully
6. for a young child to sit still for a long time
7. for my family to spend birthdays together
8. for my brother to travel
9. for you to understand Mr. Alvarez

Exercise 38, p. 391.

Checked sentences: 1, 2, 3, 4

Exercise 39, p. 392.

2. c. I turned on the radio (in order) to listen to the baseball game.
3. i. Nick went to Nepal (in order) to climb Mount Everest.
4. a. People wear boots (in order) to keep their feet warm and dry.
5. d. I looked on the internet (in order) to find the population of Malaysia.
6. b. Ms. Lane stood on her tiptoes (in order) to reach the top shelf.
7. j. The dentist moved the light closer to my face (in order) to look into my mouth.
8. f. I clapped my hands and yelled (in order) to chase a mean dog away.
9. h. Maria took a walk in the park (in order) to get some fresh air and exercise.
10. g. I offered my cousin some money (in order) to help her pay the rent.

Exercise 40, 392.

3. Sam went to the hospital **in order** to visit a friend.
4. (*no change*)
5. I need to go to the bank today **in order** to deposit my paycheck.
6. On my way home, I stopped at the store **in order** to buy some shampoo.
7. Masako went to the cafeteria **in order** to eat lunch.
8. (*no change*)
9. Pedro watches TV **in order** to improve his English.
10. (*no change*)
11. (*no change*)
12. Jerry needs to go to the bookstore **in order** to buy school supplies
13. (*no change*)
14. (*no change*)

Exercise 41, p. 393.

- | | |
|--------|--------|
| 3. for | 7. to |
| 4. to | 8. to |
| 5. to | 9. for |
| 6. for | 10. to |

Exercise 42, p. 393.

Part II

- | | |
|--------------------|------------------|
| 1. Car sharing | 4. move ... take |
| 2. to join | 5. owning |
| 3. driving / using | 6. reducing |

Exercise 43, p. 394.

1. heavy
2. strong
3. strength

Exercise 44, p. 395.

1. c. big enough to carry
d. too small to carry
e. too full to carry
f. old enough to carry
g. too young to carry
2. a. too complicated to understand
b. smart enough to figure out
c. too hard ... to figure out
d. clear enough to understand

Exercise 45, p. 396.

2. I was too sleepy to finish my homework last night.
3. Mike was too busy to go to his aunt's housewarming party.
4. This jacket is too small for me to wear.
5. I live too far from school to walk there.
7. I'm not strong enough to move this furniture.
8. It's not warm enough for you to go outside without a coat.
9. I wasn't sick enough to stay home and miss work.

Exercise 47, p. 396.

- | | |
|------------------------|--------------------------|
| 3. to invite | 7. to get ... (to) sleep |
| 4. going | 8. forgetting |
| 5. listening | 9. using |
| 6. to earn ... to take | |

Exercise 48, p. 397.

2. I went to the bank **to cash** a check.
3. Did you **go shopping** yesterday?
4. I cut the rope **with** a knife.
5. I thanked my friend for **driving** me to the airport.
6. **It is** difficult to learn another language.
7. Timmy isn't **old enough** to get married.
8. **It is easy to do this exercise.** OR **This exercise is easy** to do.
9. Last night **I was** too tired **to** do my homework.
10. I've never **gone sailing**, but I would like to.
11. **Reading is** one of my hobbies.
12. The teenagers began to **build** a campfire to keep themselves warm.
13. Instead of **settling** down in one place, I'd like to travel around the world.
14. I **enjoy traveling** because you learn so much about other countries and cultures.
15. My grandmother likes to **fish / go fishing** OR **likes fishing**.
16. Martina would like to **have** a big family.

Exercise 49, p. 398

Part II

- | | |
|---------|---------|
| 1. a, b | 4. a, c |
| 2. b, c | 5. c |
| 3. b | |

CHAPTER 14 Noun Clauses

Pretest, p. 400.

1. C
2. I, Do you know whose **seat this is**?
3. I, ... wondering **if / whether** her patient ...
4. C
5. I, Is **it** true that ...
6. C
7. I, Professor Rico said, "Learning another language is hard work. **It** takes a long time." (No quotation mark after *It*)
8. C
9. C
10. I, Jan **told us** that ...

Exercise 1, p. 400.

Checked sentences: 1, 2

Exercise 2, p. 401.

Sentences with noun clauses:

2. I don't know where the Smiths are living.
3. We don't know what city they moved to.
4. We know that they moved a month ago.
6. I don't know if they are coming back.

Exercise 4, p. 402.

Part I

1. Where is the library? question
2. I'm not sure where the library is. noun clause
3. What time does the bookstore open? question
4. Do you know what time the bookstore opens? noun clause
5. I wonder how we get tickets to the basketball game. noun clause
6. Do you know how we get tickets to the basketball game? noun clause

Part II

2. a. is the bookstore?
b. the bookstore is.
3. a. do students park their cars?
b. students park their cars.
4. a. the gym close early yesterday?
b. the gym closed early yesterday.

Exercise 5, p. 403.

- | | |
|------|-------|
| 1. a | 6. a |
| 2. b | 7. b |
| 3. a | 8. a |
| 4. a | 9. a |
| 5. b | 10. a |

Exercise 6, p. 404.

Can you tell me ...

2. what this means?
3. when I will get my grades?
4. what our next assignment is?
5. how soon the next assignment is due?
6. why this is incorrect?
7. when a good time to meet is?

8. what day the term ends?
9. why I failed?
10. who will teach this class next term?

Exercise 7, p. 404.

3. where I want to sit
4. where we get off
5. who's / who is going to meet us
6. whose phone is on the floor
7. what that noise is
8. why we are stopping now
9. why the alarm is going off
10. what time the last train is

Exercise 8, p. 405.

Do you know ...

1. where the phone is?
2. why the front door is open?
3. who just called?
4. whose socks are on the floor?
5. why all the lights are on?
6. what happened?
7. what the plumber said about the broken pipe?
8. what the repair is going to cost?

Exercise 9, p. 405.

2. A: are you going / are you going to go*
you are going / you are going to go
3. A: are you texting
B: I am texting
4. did you get
you got
5. are you meeting / are you going to meet*
I am meeting / am going to meet OR
was meeting / was going to meet (because of *thought*)
6. will you have / are you going to have
you will have / you are going to have
7. is your final exam / will your final exam be / is your final exam going to be
my final exam is / my final exam will be / my final exam is going to be
8. did you sleep
I slept

**be going to* is used with plans

Exercise 10, p. 406.

Checked sentences: 1, 3, 4

Exercise 11, p. 407.

2. if / whether online prices are going to be better.
3. if / whether there is a warranty?
4. if / whether other colors are available?
5. if / whether the car I want is here?
6. if / whether the car has been in an accident?
7. if / whether you take trade-ins.
8. if / whether this car has a backup camera?

Exercise 12, p. 408.

2. if you are going to
3. if you took
4. if you would like to go
5. if your car keys are
6. if there is gas in the car

Exercise 13, p. 408.*Do you know ...*

1. what it costs to fly from London to Paris? (*Answers may vary.*)
2. when this building was built? (*Answers may vary.*)
3. how far it is from Vancouver, Canada, to Riyadh, Saudi Arabia? [Around 7,774 mi. / 12,511 km.]
4. if Australia is the smallest continent? [Yes.]
5. how many eyes a bat has? [Two.]
6. what one of the longest words in English is? (*Answers will vary.*)
7. if a chimpanzee has a good memory? [Yes.]
8. how old the Great Wall of China is? [About 2,300 years old.]
9. if all birds fly? [No. For example, penguins don't fly.]
10. if birds **came** from dinosaurs? [Most dinosaur researchers think so.]

Exercise 15, p. 409.*Partner A:*

1. ... what the exchange rate is.
2. ... if there is a fee for the ATM.
3. ... if checks are free.
4. ... when my debit card will come.
5. ... what the interest rate for a savings account is.

Partner B:

1. ... if I can apply for a credit card.
2. ... what ID you need.
3. ... what the late fee for a credit card payment is.
4. ... what the minimum amount to open an account is.
5. ... if the account is free.

Exercise 16, p. 409.*Checked sentences: 1, 2, 3***Exercise 17, p. 410.**

2. think that
3. don't believe that
4. think that
5. agree that
6. think that

Exercise 20, p. 411.

1. B: happy that
2. B: pleased that
3. A: surprised that
B: certain that
4. A: aware that
B: sure that

Exercise 22, p. 412.*Sample answers:*

1. a. her English teacher is really good.
b. she is enjoying her class.
2. a. her son has the flu.
b. he doesn't have the flu.

3. a. the woman failed her chemistry course.
b. she won't be able to graduate on time.
4. a. Rachel is there.
b. she is there / she was invited.
5. a. Carol won't be back.
b. she will be back.

Exercise 23, p. 413.*Personal Space*

Sometimes a student stands really close to me during a conversation. I take a step back and the student steps forward. I take another step back, but the student moves forward again. What is happening? Is it rude when I step back? Do you think that I am being unfriendly?

My behavior is actually about personal space. When two people are talking, and one person backs away, this is a signal. The person is uncomfortable with the distance between the two of them.

The acceptable distance can be different in different cultures. Imagine the following scene. You get into an elevator. There are two people already there, one in each corner. Think about where you will stand. If you are in the U.S. or Canada and stand close to one of them, that person will probably move away from you. Americans and Canadians feel uncomfortable when others get too close to them. They like to have some space around them.

Let's say you are on a subway. The car is empty except for you and a woman. A man enters and sits down next to the woman. How do you think the woman will feel? Is she going to be comfortable? The answer is most likely "no." This is generally very strange behavior. It's possible that the woman will even feel that she is in danger.

It is important that you understand personal space. You don't want misunderstandings to occur because of how close you stand or sit next to someone.

Exercise 24, p. 414.

1. a, c
2. b, c

Exercise 25, p. 415.*Sample answers:*

2. I hope that it won't rain tonight.
3. I don't think that a storm is coming.
4. I think that you hear hail on the roof.
5. I don't believe that the roads will be icy tomorrow.

Exercise 28, p. 417.

2. Ryan said, "I'm starving, and there's nothing in the fridge." OR
"I'm starving, and there's nothing in the fridge," Ryan said.
3. Megan said, "I left my purse at home. I have no bus fare." OR
"I left my purse at home. I have no bus fare," Megan said. OR
"I left my purse at home," Megan said. "I have no bus fare."
4. Jon asked, "Did you miss the registration deadline too?" OR
"Did you miss the registration deadline too?" Jon asked.

5. Hailey said, "We can't leave. I can't find the car keys."
OR
"We can't leave. I can't find the car keys," Hailey said.
OR
"We can't leave," Hailey said. "I can't find the car keys."

Exercise 29, p. 417.

"You know sign language, don't you?" I asked Roberto.
"Yes, I do," he replied. "Both my grandparents are deaf."
"I'm looking for someone who knows sign language. A deaf student is going to visit our class next Monday," I said.
"Could you interpret for her?" I asked.
"I'd be happy to," he answered. "Is she going to be a new student?"
"Possibly," I said. "She's interested in seeing what we do in our English classes."

Exercise 30, p. 418.

they ... their

Exercise 31, p. 418.

2. he ... his
3. she ... her
4. he ... us (OR: Nora and me) ... our (*also possible: my*)
... he ... his ... his

Exercise 33, p. 420.

2. would finish
3. was meeting
4. had paid
5. was going to be
6. could help
7. would take
8. didn't feel ... was dealing

Exercise 34, p. 420.

2. Kristina said (that) she was allergic to chocolate, nuts, and dairy.
3. Carla said (that) she had just come back from a trip with her family.
4. Ahmed said (that) he had already picked up food for the party.
5. Kate said (that) she had called her doctor.
6. Mr. Rice said (that) he was going to go to Iceland for vacation.
7. Pedro said (that) he would be at my/our house by noon.
8. Emma said (that) she couldn't afford to buy a new car.
9. Olivia says (that) she can't afford to buy a new car.
10. My dad said (that) he wanted to print out some of his photos from his trip on my printer.

Exercise 35, p. 421.

1. a, c
2. a, c

Exercise 36, p. 421.

4. said
5. told
6. asked
7. told ... said ... asked ... told ... said
8. said ... asked ... told ... asked ... said

Exercise 38, p. 422.

(*Answers may vary a little.*)

2. (that) he wasn't going to have
3. wasn't hungry
4. had eaten
5. he had come
6. he needed to talk to her
7. he was having

Exercise 39, p. 423.

(*Sample answers: Reporting verbs may vary.*)

1. In the middle of class yesterday, my friend tapped me on the shoulder and asked (me), "What are you doing after class?"
"I will tell you later," I answered.
2. When I was putting on my coat, Robert asked (me), "Where are you going?"
"I have a date with Anna," I told him.
"What are you going to do?" he asked.
"We're going to a movie," I answered.
3. This afternoon, a friend called and asked (me), "Do you have time to talk? I'm thinking about taking a new job in another city."
"I'm at work," I said. "I'm not free to take a personal call. Can you talk this evening, after dinner?"

Exercise 40, p. 424.

- | | |
|-------------|-----------------|
| 1. asked | 9. asked |
| 2. was | 10. could do |
| 3. told | 11. said |
| 4. was | 12. needed |
| 5. asked | 13. could help |
| 6. would be | 14. told |
| 7. said | 15. would leave |
| 8. would be | |

Exercise 42, p. 425.

2. I don't know what **your email address is**.
3. I **think that** Mr. Lee is out of town.
4. Can you tell **me where** Victor is living now?
5. I asked my uncle what kind of movies **he likes**.
6. I **think that** my English has improved a lot.
7. **It is true that** people are basically the same everywhere in the world.
8. A man came to my door last week. I didn't know who he **was**.
9. I want to know **if Pedro has** a laptop computer.
10. Sam and I talked about his classes. He told **me** that he **didn't** like his algebra class.
(*also possible: doesn't like*)
11. A woman came into the room and **asked me where my brother was**. OR ... **asked me, "Where is your brother?"**
12. I felt very relieved when the doctor said, "You will be fine. It's nothing serious." OR ... said that **I would be fine. It was** nothing serious.
13. My mother asked me, "**When will you be home?**"

Exercise 43, p. 426.

The Ugly Duckling

Once upon a time, there was a mother duck. She lived on a farm and spent her days sitting on her nest of eggs. One morning, the eggs began to move, and out came six little ducklings. But there was one egg that was bigger than

the rest, and it didn't hatch. The mother didn't remember this egg. **"I thought I had only six, but maybe I counted incorrectly," she said.**

A short time later, the seventh egg hatched. But this duckling had gray feathers, not brown like his brothers, and was quite ugly. **His mother thought, "Maybe this duck isn't one of mine."** He grew faster than his brothers and ate more food. He was very clumsy, and none of the other animals wanted to play with him. Much of the time he was alone.

He felt unloved by everyone, and he decided to run away from the farm. **He asked other animals on the way, "Do you know of any ducklings that look like me?" But they just laughed and said, "You are the ugliest duck we have ever seen."** One day, the duckling looked up and saw a group of beautiful birds overhead.

They were white, with long, slender necks and large wings. **"I want to look just like them," the duckling thought.**

He wandered alone most of the winter and finally found a comfortable bed of reeds in a pond. **He thought to himself, "No one wants me. I'll just hide here for the rest of my life."** There was plenty of food there, and although he was lonely, he felt a little happier.

By springtime, the duck was quite large. One morning, he saw his reflection in the water. He didn't even recognize himself. A group of swans that was coming back from the south saw him and flew down to the pond. **"Where have you been?" they cried. "You're a swan like us."** As they began to swim across the pond, **a child saw them and exclaimed, "Look at the youngest swan. He's the most beautiful of all."** The swan was filled with happiness, and he lived happily ever after.